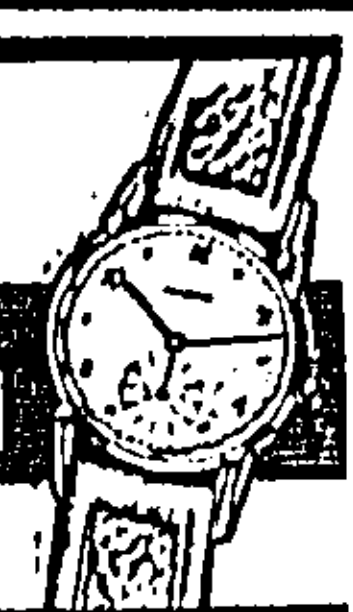


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## Resistance In Malaya Not Enough

Times Critical Of Policy Statement

OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

London, Dec. 7. Unless more vigorous efforts are made to drive the terrorists out while the opportunity still exists, Malaya will be lost. This solemn warning is contained in a Times leading article today.

The newspaper criticises the recent statement by Mr Malcolm MacDonald that there was no question of "giving up resistance to the terrorists."

"This is hardly the lead that is expected from those who speak for a government which seeks to make a supreme effort backed by all resources that can be made available, to suppress the terrorists with all speed," it says. "This is the moment to talk not of resistance but of attack."

The rebels were already being encouraged in their efforts to throw Malaya into complete confusion by the grievous defeats inflicted on the United Nations' forces in Korea by the armies of Peking. They looked now with greater confidence for future help from the Peoples' Government of China in their struggle to "liberate Malaya from Western imperialism."

### MALAYA AT WAR

The Times welcome new measures that are to be taken as a result of Sir Harold Briggs' recent visit to this country but says the tragedy is that only now, after a long, dragging and unsuccessful campaign, is the right urgent note being given to the policy.

New measures proposed by the Malayan Government to combat terrorism would call for more drive and determination than the Federal authorities had yet shown.

"The time has come for the authorities to recognise that Malaya is at war," says the Times. "Decisions and deeds must be drastically speeded up."

"It would be wise to make all possible use of the services of the local communities for local defence and to take advantage of the tendency of Malay and Chinese to draw closer to-



His promise of resistance in criticised

gether in the face of Communist danger. "A sad amount of time has been lost. There is still opportunity with the adequate regular forces available to mobilise the administration and people against the terrorists and break them."

"No one, in the present state of the Far East, dare prophesy how long the opportunity, too long neglected, will last. Malaya, if not settled soon, will be lost."—London Express Service.

## Microbes As War Weapons

Geneva, Dec. 7.

Dr. Brook Chisholm, Director-General of the World Health Organisation, said today that he knew of bacteriological weapons perfected since the war which could kill millions of people "very quickly and very effectively."

Dr. Chisholm, who was in charge of the Canadian Army's Medical Services during the war with the rank of Major General, said in an interview that these weapons were available in a crude form in 1945, but had since been developed and perfected.

He declined to describe the weapons further or to indicate which countries possessed them. Dr. Chisholm said he had "no knowledge whatsoever" of any bacteriological substance which could be used to kill off rice or any other crop. Earlier reports had attributed to him a statement that President Harry Truman could have ordered the destruction of the Japanese rice crop in 1945 with a newly-developed bacteriological weapon.—Associated Press.

# UN Not To Bow To Mighty Forces

## STERN WARNING TO RED CHINA

Lake Success, Dec. 7.

Mr Warren R. Austin today warned Communist China and its backer, the Soviet Union, that the UN will not bow to mighty forces in Korea. The chief US delegate called on the UN to demand the withdrawal of Communist aggressors from Korea and to pass a moral judgment against aggression anywhere in the world.

"If those who are challenging the UN believe that we will give up our principles because they threaten us with mighty force, let them know that they are tragically mistaken," Mr Austin told the grave-faced members of the Assembly's Political Committee.

He spoke after the Committee voted down strong objections from Russia's Andrei Y. Vyshinsky and put the Korean crisis ahead of all business. The vote was 42-5 (Soviet bloc).

"The United Nations will not swerve from its principles," Mr Austin continued. "We will not give up our settled purpose to make Korea free and independent. We will not yield in our considered decision

The 13 Asian and Middle East sponsors of a peace appeal disclosed they have had no word from Peking and they will get an answer to their plea for the Red Chinese to stop at the 38th Parallel. They had a brief huddle here and decided to meet from time to time to continue their efforts for peace.

## Ban On Colony Exports

A supplement to today's Gazette announces prohibition for export from Hongkong (except under license issued by the Director of Commerce and Industry) of a wide selection of commodities and articles. The complete list is published on the back page.

to make aggression impossible through this United Nations organisation."

Mr Austin's speech to the Committee opened the tensest expected Committee debate on the undeclared war in Korea and topped a fast moving day in the UN.

### SIMPLE PATTERN

Mr Austin quickly tackled the Vyshinsky contention that every Red Chinese in Korea is a volunteer. He cited numbers of actual units identified by General Douglas MacArthur as fighting against the UN forces, said they total about 260,000 men with more coming, and declared that Peking was acting on behalf of the Russian colonial policy in Asia.

"The pattern is simple," Mr Austin said. "Organise a Communist uprising in a country or attack it through a neighbour, send in divisions to aid the aggressors, call the divisions 'volunteers' and then protest that the international community has no right to interfere in aiding the victim."

"Thus, the doctrine of 'volunteers' is revealed to this Assembly as a new and dangerous weapon in the arsenal of Soviet imperialism. This body, I believe, will wish to examine this doctrine and to reject it."

Mr Austin added: "I am sure that in our debate here we will all make clear the desire of our peoples to live in peace with the Chinese people, and our hope that they will no longer be deceived and forced into serving the aims of the Soviet Communist government. This Committee will earn a high place in history if it can save the Chinese people from the folly of being misled into the service of the new Soviet imperialism."

### STILL TIME

"This Committee can settle this threat to the peace most effectively by so conducting itself that those who have attacked the vital principles of collective security are brought to see their error and to retreat to their own frontiers. Time still remains for those who insist this deed to reflect upon its possible consequences."

Mr Austin then listed the main points of a resolution put up by the United States, Cuba, Ecuador, France, Norway and Britain. This calls for withdrawal of the Chinese Communist units assisting the North Korean Communists, localisation of the Korean conflict, and speedy conclusion of the fighting on a satisfactory UN basis. It gives assurances that the UN does not have hostile intentions toward Korea's neighbours, Russia and China.

## The Wingsang Proceeds To Keelung

It was officially learned from Messrs. Jardine, Matheson this morning that the steamship Wingsang, which was reportedly intercepted and fired on by Chinese Nationalist warships is now continuing her way to Keelung.

A brief message from the Master of the vessel, Capt. H. G. Goddard stated that the ship proceeded at 3 o'clock this morning. The message did not give details of the vessel's interception. It is understood that there were no casualties as a result of the firing.

Mr Keswick Says:

## China Has A Veiled Friendship For Britain

London, Dec. 7.

Mr John Keswick, leading British business man in the Far East, declared here today that the spirit shown towards Britain in China when he left it last month was one of "veiled friendship."

This was especially so when it came to trade, said Mr Keswick who is here on a visit.

He is a Director of Jardine Matheson & Company, the biggest British shipping, always and trading concern in the Far East.

Until recently he was Chairman of the British Chamber of Commerce in Shanghai.

"Talking politics is a different matter," said Mr Keswick. "But if governments and world politics will permit us to trade the Chinese People's Government is only too willing to trade with the British Commonwealth."

Discussing the crisis in the Far East, Mr Keswick expressed the view that unless one side or the other in Korea was prepared to modify its stand every day brought war between Communism and Democracy nearer.

"As I see it we have reached an impasse in Korea," he said. "Neither the Chinese nor the Americans are in any mood for compromise."

WHAT CHINESE WANT  
Asked if he considered the Chinese People's Government policy stemmed directly from the Kremlin or was more a reflection of nationalist aspirations, Mr Keswick said, "Chinese policy is Communist in trade with a nationalist flavour. But it fits in with the world Communist conception."

What the Chinese now wanted was the elimination of imperialist influences in eastern Asia, he said. "That means the removal of American influence and protective policies as regards Formosa and, at the same time, the withdrawal of American and United Nations forces from Korea."

He added that the Chinese People's Government appeared to have put China on a war footing. "They will go on fighting in Korea until either they have driven the opposing forces out of the country or have been defeated themselves," he said.

Mr Keswick thought there was the possibility of a mid-way solution at the 38th Parallel. "But a thread stretched across the centre of Korea cannot possibly last either as a political or military barrier," he said.

Mr Keswick paid the highest tribute to the work done by Sargent K. M. Pannikar, the Indian Ambassador in Peking.

"He is the outstanding foreigner here at the moment," he said.

Mr Keswick plans to return to China which he left in mid-November.—Reuter.

## TENDERS CALLED FOR FOOD SUPPLY

The Gazette notices a tender for Social Welfare Office diets. It is for the supply of food daily to approximately 300 persons in North Point Camp and 8,300 persons in Welfare Centres on instructions of the Social Welfare Office for a period of three months from December 23 to March 22, 1951.

Tender forms may be obtained of from the Executive Officer, Social Welfare Office, The Exchange Building, Commercial Road.

# 15,000 British & US Troops Fighting Way To The Coast

## 8TH ARMY FORMS NEW DEFENCE LINE

Tokyo, Dec. 7.

Transports stood by at Hungnam, East Korean port, tonight to evacuate 15,000 British and American troops fighting their way to the coast under cover of an aerial wall of fire.

The United States Third Division — the latest arrival in Korea — drove north-east to meet them as they began to blaze their way through three Chinese armies down the next leg of the road from the Chosin Reservoir.

The South Korean Capital Division, north of Chongjun, on the coast, was also expected to be evacuated.

The Communists, in their coastal drive to seal off the north-eastern Tenth Corps, were reported to have captured Wonsan.

In the north-west the British 27th and 29th Brigades were holding the centre of the 40-mile Allied line falling back towards Sariwon without opposition.

Communist advance units were reported to be at Anak, due west of Sariwon, on the left flank, and at Koksan, at the north-east corner of the line, where some fighting was taking place.

Both towns are some 50 miles from the 38th Parallel.

Apart from the fighting over Kokori, Allied planes were still raiding Communist concentrations before the Eighth Army and enemy bases in the rear, including Pyongyang and Sinuiju, in the north-western corner.

Four Russian-type jet fighters were claimed to have been damaged today in clashes with American fighters and Superfortresses.—Reuter.

### DEFENCE WALL

The outnumbered US Eighth Army welded a new 70 mile defence wall in northwestern Korea between Pyongyang and the 38th Parallel on Thursday for a stand against an approaching wave of Chinese Communists heading a 1,000,000-man Red Army.

The US Eighth Army's new front in the west runs from Koksan in central Korea to the Yellow Sea port of Chinnampo. The east-west line passes about 25 miles south of Pyongyang, North Korean Communist capital abandoned by the Allies.

A spokesman for General Douglas MacArthur announced the new Allied line on Thursday. It was an unprecedented advance identification of Allied positions.

The Reds have not yet struck at the new US Eighth Army defence line.

The 70 mile arching front, the spokesman said, is not a solid line but a defence in depth with strong positions on commanding heights.

A few Reds tried to cross the Taedong River estuary at Chinnampo, west end of the line, and came under vicious strafing attacks by Allied warplanes.

Army briefers said the new line is prepared to meet heavy flank attacks.

No one in the field doubts that the Reds will hit the new Allied front as soon as they are in position to do so.—Associated Press.

## Joseph S Expected In Port Today

The Chinese Steamship Company, agents of the distressed 670-ton Philippine freighter Joseph S is expecting the return of the ship to Hongkong waters this afternoon, an official of the Company told the China Mail this morning.

He said that the ship has been out of danger since the Moller tug Allegiance had been sent there at the request of the owner of the ship and last night's timely assistance rendered by the destroyer HMS Charity, which raced to the scene after the distress signal had been received.

He gave the reason for the ship's distress as "mainly due to the high wind and the rough sea prevalent at that time, adding that if the sea there had calmed down there would have been no further danger."

The official of the Company said that no further message has been received from the ship since the arrival of part of the crew who were picked up from a lifeboat by an RAF Sunderland flying-boat last night.

Regarding the condition of the boatwain who was reported to have sustained injuries, the official said, that his condition was not very serious, otherwise he would have been sent back to Hongkong.

## Truman-Attlee Agree On 5-Point Programme

### NAVAL BLOCKADE BEING DISCUSSED

Washington, Dec. 7.

President Truman and Mr Attlee met for a fifth time today and were reported to be near an agreement on a broad programme to deal with Communist aggression anywhere in the world.

The White House said the crisis conference probably would end on Friday after a morning session.

The President and the British leader talked over "broad aspects of the present world situation" at a session today, the White House said.

While no details were made public, informed officials reported the President and Mr Attlee already had decided on five steps their governments should take to curb Communist threats. A sixth, which involves a possible naval blockade of the Communist Chinese coast, was reported still under discussion.

The US was reported pressing for such a move. But Mr Attlee and his advisors were reported somewhat reluctant to adopt such measures for fear of touching off a global war in the Orient. Mr Attlee was reported willing, however, to consider the suggestion in an effort to work out a joint British-American move.

The White House said a joint British-American communique would be issued when the final meeting ends tomorrow.

### ACCEPTS PRINCIPLE

Mr Attlee was reported willing to accept the principle behind the American suggestion that the Peking regime should not be left to enjoy the fruits of its Korean aggression unhampered by the West if General Douglas MacArthur's forces are forced to evacuate.

The five points agreed on were: 1. The United States and Britain are ready to negotiate a settlement to end the Korean fighting but not at the cost of "appeasement" of the Communists.

2. Western Europe's defences must be rebuilt at a far quicker pace and a supreme command—General Dwight Eisen-

hower—named within a week or 10 days.

3. Britain and the United States will tighten drastically their export controls to choke off any shipments of strategic materials to Russia and her European satellites.

4. United Nations land, sea and air forces will continue to fight on against the Chinese Communist forces in Korea unless forced to evacuate. There will be no voluntary withdrawal as a means of saving manpower for use in other theatres.

5. Both countries will try to work out some international arrangement which will assure Western countries a steady flow of raw materials needed for military and civilian output.

As the conference entered its fourth day, the White House said it was definite the talks would last through Friday. Diplomats thought there was a possibility of a Saturday session also.—Associated Press.

## BRITONS MUST GO WITHOUT

London, Dec. 7.

Britain will cut back her civilian production during 1951 to protect her rearmament programme from a threatened world metals shortage.

Britons, still queuing for heavy consumer goods — like cars and refrigerators — as a result of the 1939-1945 war, got this grim news today from Mr George Strauss, Minister of Supply.

In a written reply to a question in the House of Commons, Mr Strauss said the metals shortage has developed during recent months "due chiefly to the international situation and to increased demands in many countries for re-arming and stockpiling."

### COMMENT OF THE DAY

## Our Trade With China

A FEW weeks ago a London Daily Telegraph correspondent committed himself to some patently inaccurate estimates of how Hongkong was feeding Communist China with war materials, which, it was claimed, would eventually be used against British troops in Korea. The Colony kept a stiff upper lip in the face of somewhat unfair accusations. Now we have a group of super-sensitive Senators in Washington turning their baleful eyes upon us, repeating the allegations that through this port flows war materials for Peking, and demanding that Hongkong should bar its commercial doors to Red China. "In this hour of crisis," cries Senator Wayne Morse, "we have a right to ask Britain to live up to her moral obligation to see that Hongkong is not used as a means and device for getting war materials to the Reds." The Senator need not worry: Britain is well able to appreciate moral obligations, and if the Imperial government is satisfied that the wrong sort of commodities are reaching China through Hongkong, it will take the proper action. One is tempted, however, to wonder whether proper official controls to prevent Peking from obtaining strategic materials are being applied in Japan and the United States with the assiduity which the situation demands. We are aware, for instance, that quite recently a shipment of 9,600 tons of steel was made direct from Osaka to Tokyo Bay under a SCAP export permit. We doubt very much whether a single consignment of such obvious war potential anything approaching that quantity has passed through Hongkong to Red China. Then too, we are reminded of the revelation made by the Senate investigating committee that nearly 10 million pounds of Japanese copper

to Communist China via New York during last year succeeded in evading not only American export controls, but those of the Allied Military Government in Tokyo. These facts are not, of course, offered in mitigation of any offences committed by Hongkong with regard to the despatch of war supplies to Red China, if—and that is the question—if we are guilty of such offence. It is difficult for us to know because the vociferous Senators in Washington refuse to be specific in any sense of the word. "The real fault lies with the British," they are still doing business through Hongkong" complains Senator Warren Magnuson. Naturally we are, but the great majority is normal commerce and benefits America and Britain as much as it does China. Mr P. S. Cassidy gives the correct perspective. He disclosed that more tin, for example, came from China to Hongkong than vice versa during the last three months: that rubber shipments into China through Hongkong are below the country's normal requirements and represent an infinitesimal percentage of the world's supply of rubber. And, we would remind the outraged Senators that Britain has already banned the re-export of oil to China. We thoroughly agree that all steps should be taken to prevent Communist China from receiving war potential from nations against which it might in due course be used, but so far as Hongkong is concerned we must be permitted to make our own judgment and decisions for controlling commercial traffic. The anxious senators in Washington may rest assured that a pretty wary official eye is trained on the quantities and movement of strategic materials in Hongkong, and that this Colony has no intention of feeding Communist China with commodities which she might in due course turn to warlike use.



# CHINESE TROOPS POUR ACROSS RIVER

## Compulsory Service Blocked

Canberra, Dec. 7. Australia's Labour-dominated Senate today dealt a severe blow to the Government's plans for compulsory military training for youths of 18.

It referred the Bill which has already passed through the House of Representatives to a Select Committee, as an amendment moved by Labour Party leaders.

The Labour Opposition in the Senate also stipulated that the Select Committee should consist only of Labour Members. They carried a second amendment to the Bill postponing further consideration of it until the first sitting of the Senate in the New Year.

The Senate rises tomorrow and does not sit again until early in the New Year, usually in February.

The Labour majority in the Senate earlier this year had first rejected and then passed legislation introduced by the Government, including a Bill to outlaw the Communist Party.

—Reuter.

**Cairo Ends State Of War With Germany**

Cairo, Dec. 7. The Egyptian Foreign Ministry announced today the end of the state of war between Egypt and Germany. The official announcement stated that this decision will not affect an eventual settlement of reparations and other questions between the two countries.

Egypt decided to declare war on Germany on February 27, 1945.—Reuter.

# CHINESE TROOPS POUR ACROSS RIVER

(Seoul, Dec. 7. South Korean troops on the United Nations defence line south of Pyongyang tonight fought off a surprise Communist attack.

In a bitter three-hour fight, the South Koreans regained several hundred yards which were lost in the early stages of the battle.

The attack—in the Yulli area 30 miles south east of Pyongyang—broke the four-day lull over the front since the Eighth Army abandoned the North Korean capital and formed a new line to the south.

It was not clear whether the Communist attack signalled the opening of a new offensive or whether it was a local probing stab.

The absence of activity along the other sectors of the front suggested that it might be purely an exploratory foray to test the strength of the South Koreans.

Communist forces are tonight reported to be pouring reinforcements southwards over the Taedong River towards the stretched Eighth Army. The most serious threat was from the flank, where the Communists appeared to be concentrating their strength in a bid to get a pincer grip on the United Nations line.

Intelligence reports said that the Communists were continuing to regroup their forces in the Koksan area, 50 miles south east of Pyongyang to the right of the United Nations line.

**TROOPS CROSSING**

At the same time they were ferrying troops over the two-mile wide Taedong River Estuary, 30 miles west of Pyongyang, from where they could threaten the left flank.

South African and Australian Mustangs scorched eight small boats loaded with troops in incendiary attacks over the Estuary south of Chinnampo early today.

Despite the strafing, however, other small boats reached the

# Attack On Acheson Begins Openly

Washington, Dec. 7. Representative Hugh Scott, Jr., former chairman of the Republican National Committee, introduced a resolution in the House today asking President Truman to fire the Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson.—United Press.

# Truce Proposal Discussions At Lake Success

Lake Success, Dec. 7. General Wu Hsiu-chuan, chief of the Chinese Communist delegation to the United Nations, today received a copy of the Arab League proposal for a 30-day truce in Korea and a three-month truce in the cold war.

The proposal was made on Wednesday to Secretary-General Trygve Lie by Abdul Rahman Azam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League. It was given to General Wu at his Waldorf Astoria headquarters at 7 p.m. Azam Pasha was to confer with Mr. Lie today on his proposal which contains suggestions for a truce in Korea and a three-month truce in the cold war.

Observers believed that part of the proposal would be scrapped.—United Press.

# SOVIET OBJECTION OVERRULED

Lake Success, Dec. 7. The Social and Humanitarian Committee of the United Nations General Assembly voted today to circulate documents submitted by the governments of Germany, Japan and Italy of the issue of repatriation of World War II prisoners of war.

Despite Soviet objections that the procedure employed to make the documents reach the committee was illegal, distribution was voted 26 to five with eight abstentions.

The debate was caused when the temporary chairman, Mr. A. S. Bohari, announced that the documents would be distributed. The usual procedure is for member documents to be distributed simply on the request of any delegation without need of a vote.

Delegations from all the three countries concerned were on hand for the debate as unofficial observers.

Representing Japan were Eli Wajima, chief of the Control Bureau of the Japanese Foreign Ministry, Soichi Saito, head of the Japanese YMCA, and Miss Nasa Nakayama of the Lower House of the Diet.

Germany was represented by Hans von Trutzschler of the Federal Chancellery, Reinmund Hergt of the Ministry of Justice, Herbert Wehner and Eugene Gersennat of the Bundestag and Georg Federer, secretary and interpreter of the delegation. Italy was represented by M. Mascia, its permanent observer at the United Nations.

All three documents back up the charges made by the Western powers on the retention by the Soviet Union of prisoners of war. The Japanese communication estimates that unrepatriated prisoners total around 370,000 and possibly more.

The German documents charged that there were 1,283,494 former members of the Wehrmacht on whose whereabouts the USSR has so far failed to furnish any information.

Details of the Italian document were not made available to the press immediately.—United Press.

# Peking Attention On Indo-China

London, Dec. 7. Peking Radio made fresh charges tonight that French aeroplanes had violated Chinese territory from Indo-China.

Without naming a source the Radio said tonight, "Aeroplanes of the French aggression forces in Vietnam have continued to invade the frontier area of China, and their ground forces have bombed Chinese territory."

—Reuter.

# Peking's Price Expected To Be Too High MINIMUM TERMS FOR HALT AT PARALLEL

London, Dec. 7. Communist China's "price" for agreeing to stop its armies at the 38th Parallel in Korea may be far too high for the Western nations to accept, authoritative diplomatic sources said on Thursday.

These sources emphasised that no one probably will know what the Chinese will ask as a "price" for a cease-fire at the 38th Parallel until their armies reach that invisible line.

These sources said China's "minimum" terms were understood to include these demands:

(1) Total evacuation of United States forces from Korea.

(2) Admission of Red China to the United Nations.

(3) Stoppage of military aid to the French-sponsored Vietnamese regime in Indo-China.

In addition the Chinese were certain to insist upon the withdrawal of the United States Seventh Fleet from Formosan waters and allowing Red China to take over that island on which Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek and the remnants of his Nationalist regime are holding out.

It was understood here that this major problem—China's "price" for agreeing to a cease-fire and division of Korea at the 38th Parallel pending elections—was the major issue under discussion in Lake Success and Washington.

**LITTLE OPTIMISM**

Optimism about the Chinese agreeing to stop at the 38th parallel was not very strong here.

As one official put it: "General MacArthur did not stop at the 38th parallel when the United Nations had the North Koreans on the run going north. Therefore, why think that the Chinese, if they still have the United Nations forces on the run, will be inclined to stop at the 38th parallel going south?"

The British people seemed to be settling down to take more bad news from Korea if necessary. The near-hysteria of last week when a careless phrase about the atom bomb by President Truman jolted all of Europe, was gone. Even the recent bitter anti-MacArthurism was missing.—United Press.

# ANSWER SOON

Lake Success, Dec. 7. Sir Benegal Narasing Rao, India's chief United Nations delegate, said today that he was expecting "at any time" a reply to the 13 nations' appeal to China and North Korea to halt at the 38th Parallel.

He added, "Asian delegations that sponsored the recent appeal and certain other Asian delegations met again today to exchange views on the situation in the Far East in the light of all available information. They decided to wait again for the same purpose from time to time as further information became available and to continue their efforts in the cause of peace and strengthening the United Nations."

Sir Benegal had called the meeting at short notice after having a talk with Mr. Chiao Kuan-hua, adviser to the Peking delegation.

Asked whether Mr. Wu Hsiu-chuan, leader of the Peking delegation, had been invited to attend the conference, Sir Benegal said that he had been asked whether it would be possible for him to attend the meeting.

Mr. Wu had stated that as the Political Committee was to be in session he could not attend.

Mr. Wu was generally expected to communicate to Sir Benegal today the Chinese Communist reply to the preliminary peace plan presented by the Indian delegate on Monday.

The plan envisages a cease-fire in Korea and a temporary truce line along the 38th Parallel pending negotiations of wider issues.—Reuter.



This trick photo, made from beneath a glass-topped workbench, shows toys apparently floating in mid-air in defiance of the laws of gravity. Shown at work on a clockwork removal van is 22-year-old Monica Smith, of Chingford, Essex, who has spent four years in the toy-making trade.—AP Picture.

# UN Votes Priority For Korea Issue Discussion

Lake Success, Dec. 7. The United Nations General Assembly's Political Committee today rejected Soviet objections by 42 votes to five, with four absentions, to give priority to a debate on the Chinese Communist intervention in Korea.

The Soviet Union and its four supporters were alone in opposition. The four abstentions were Saudi Arabia, India, Indonesia and Burma.

Immediately after the vote, M. Andrei Vyshinsky, the Soviet delegate, lodged a "determined protest." He declared that the decision confirmed that the majority obediently followed in the wake of the Anglo-American group, which was prepared to encroach on the elementary rights of the minority.

M. Vyshinsky had strongly opposed the debate on the Korean question on the ground that the Committee had already started a debate on the Soviet charges of American aggression against China and that the debate should be continued.

The Committee also voted by 48 to five, with four abstentions, to invite a South Korean Government representative to attend the debate. Again M. Vyshinsky and his supporters objected.

In his opening speech M. Vyshinsky had referred to the "debacle" which, he said, was brought about by General MacArthur.

**OIL ON THE FIRE**

He said that "what you are concealing" would not ward off the threat of a third world war.

After referring to the "debacle" brought about by General MacArthur M. Vyshinsky said: "If you ask what shall be done to avert the danger of a third world war, then I must say that what you are concealing will not ward off that threat."

"On the contrary, that threat will grow. Your actions are oil on the fire. The intervention of the United States armed

forces in Korea and against China is the crux of the matter. This is the source of a third world war and those actions must be halted if this threat is to be averted."

**CHINESE PRESENT**

The Peking delegation, headed by General Wu Hsiu-chuan, sat in the visitors' seats in the Committee Room and heard M. Vyshinsky oppose the suggestion that the present Korean situation should be given priority.

Dr. Vavro Hajdu, of Czechoslovakia, supporting M. Vyshinsky, asked: "What is the urgency in requesting that this matter receive priority? Is it because, in a few days, it may be in the realm of fiction because the American forces are running so fast?"

"Peace is not only endangered by the advance of the democratic forces but peace is served because the aggressor is being beaten."

M. Kuzma Kiselev, of Byelorussia, proposed that the Korean item be placed last on the Committee's list of subjects and urged that the Committee hear the Peking delegation on the charges of aggression against the United States.

Mr. Kenneth Younger, for Britain, urging priority for a discussion on Korea, said that M. Vyshinsky's objection was only one more instance of the Soviet habit of trying to turn the United Nations into a propaganda forum.

**"PURE MOONSHINE"**

The charges of American aggression against China had already been considered in the Security Council, which had taken the view that, in a large measure, they were "moonshine."

Mahmoud Fawzi Bey, of Egypt, supporting priority for

the Korean question, read into the record the proposal to days ago by the 13 Asian and Middle Eastern countries urging the Chinese Communists to stop at the 38th Parallel.

Fawzi Bey said that recent several other United Nations members had rallied in support of this appeal.

M. Vyshinsky, in a late speech, commented that the Security Council had first taken an alleged Chinese intervention in Korea on November 8. "During the month which has elapsed the urgency of the matter did not increase except for the debate which was brought about and carried out in such a talented manner by General MacArthur, the debacle of the American armed intervention in Korea," he added.

Now they have to save General MacArthur's face because the plan there is confusing fiction and figures.—Reuter.

# Hiss Sentence To Stand

New York, Dec. 7. The perjury conviction and the five-year prison sentence of Alger Hiss, a former State Department official, were upheld unanimously by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals on Thursday.

Hiss was convicted on January 22 of lying when he denied under oath he had given secret State Department papers to unauthorized persons, including Whittaker Chambers, a former Communist courier.—United Press.

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

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| " " Fino Secco (Dry)           | \$13.00            |
| " " Amontillado Passado        | \$13.00            |
| PORT                           |                    |
| Ferreira's Superior Tawny      | \$11.50            |
| " " Three Crown                | \$11.50            |
| WHISKY                         |                    |
| Grant's Scotch                 | \$15.00            |
| Four Roses                     | \$15.00            |
| Mc Nairs                       | \$14.00            |
| Special Rye                    | \$15.00            |
| GIN                            |                    |
| John Collins                   | \$ 9.50            |
| DINNER WINES                   |                    |
| Sauternes Calvet               | \$10.00            |
| Medoc Claret                   | \$12.00            |
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At the **DAIRY FARM**

**MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN**

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

THE CENSUS TAKER: I DON'T KNOW HER NAME IS NARDA. I WAS TOLD FOR THAT. WELL, MY NAME IS NARDA.

I POSED AS A CENSUS TAKER. MY NAME IS NARDA. SHE IS UNMARRIED. A PRINCESS FROM COCKAIGNE. MORE BEAUTIFUL EVEN THAN HER PICTURE SHE'S.

ROYAL BLOOD? SEE HOW PERFECT MY TASTE IS? GOOD WORK. DENKS. I SEND OUT A COLLECTION TEAM FOR HER AT ONCE!

THAT NIGHT, OUTSIDE NARDA'S HOUSE.



## OMINOUS TALK IN AMERICA

Washington, Dec. 7.

The acting White House Press Secretary, Stephen Early, said today that there has been much discussion within the Administration about the advisability of proclaiming a national emergency. No decision has been made and none is expected soon.

Discussions did not stem from the present crisis in Korea, but rather were part of an all-out mobilization of which President Truman has spoken in recent months.

He stressed that much preparation is necessary before an emergency could be proclaimed, even if the White House did decide to go ahead with such a plan.

"You cannot just declare a national emergency. There are many things that ought to be done first, such as securing personnel, setting up offices and policies. If and when such a step is decided on those things must be done first—they are all part of the planning."

Mr. Early emphasized that the emergency proclamation is not imminent. The general discussions on the question within the Administration were definitely not related to the visit of the British Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee.

A reporter asked if the discussions would automatically come up in connection with such recent developments as the appointment of wage and price directors. Mr. Early said they would. He strongly cautioned reporters not to let people think that an emergency was being proclaimed immediately.

"In my opinion, it will not be today, tomorrow or Monday or something like that." A reporter asked him if he would say it was imminent. With a smile, Mr. Early said he was not sure what imminent meant under the circumstances.—United Press.

Manila, Dec. 8.

President Quirino and government officials expressed surprise and disappointment last night over the reported postponement of the State visit here this weekend of the President of Indonesia, Dr. Soekarno. "If the postponement is true, we will just wait until he can come," said Mr. Quirino.—United Press.

## ONLY KOLYNOS FIGHTS TOOTH DECAY

these 3 ways

1. MOUTH ACIDS ELIMINATED  
Tooth-decaying mouth acids neutralized immediately on contact with Kolynos.
2. ANTI-BACTERIAL ACTION KILLS GERMS  
Up to 92% of bacteria in mouth are destroyed by Kolynos. This lasts for hours!
3. PENETRATING FOAM CLEANS  
Kolynos foam cleans out food particles, polishes tooth surfaces, delays filming over.

TASTES FINE AND FRESH!  
KOLYNOS  
For best results always brush your teeth with Kolynos after each meal.

**BROADWAY**  
AIR CONDITIONED  
SHOWING TO-DAY AT  
2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

YOUNG LOVE!  
HEART-STIRRING EMOTION!  
VIOLENT CONFLICT!  
JUNE HAYES  
SCUDDA HOO! SCUDDA HAY!  
LON McALLISTER  
Color by TECHNICOLOR

ALSO: LATEST FOX MOVIE NEWS!  
China and Korean  
etc.

# Britain And US Not Thinking Of Evacuation From Korea

London, Dec. 7.

There was no thought in "our minds or in the minds of the American authorities of a withdrawal from Korea," Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, the Defence Minister, emphatically announced in the House of Commons today.

Mr. Shinwell was answering a barrage of questions from Members on the Korean crisis.

Earlier, the Minister made a prepared statement in which he declared—"We may have to prepare ourselves for still harder tidings."

A Conservative Member, Mr. Beverley Baxter, asked him for the assurance that a withdrawal was not contemplated, "in view of statements that there is a section of members ready to urge the withdrawal of British troops."

Mr. Baxter added that if it came to the choice of between the destruction of British troops in Korea and the use of the atom bomb, he and many of his friends would support the use of the bomb.

Mr. Shinwell said: "I prefer not to answer that."

A Labour Member, Mr. Harold Davies, said: "Some Members on the Labour benches would have nothing to do with the affair if the atom bomb was dropped on China." Mr. Shinwell refused to comment on this.

### CHINESE ATTACK

In his statement Mr. Shinwell said that it would be foolish to underestimate the size or determination of the Chinese in the present. The latest estimates from General MacArthur's Headquarters indicated that there were now some 270,000 Chinese in contact with the United Nations forces in Korea, he said.

Nearly 200,000 were in front of the United Nations Eighth Army in the west and over 70,000 were attacking the American 10th Corps in the east.

Behind these first line troops it was estimated that there were nearly half a million Chinese available to support the overwhelming Communist strength in Korea.

Referring to the Prime Minister Mr. Clement Attlee's talks in Washington, Mr. Shinwell said that the situation was "full of peril and difficulty."

"No one knows what the outcome will be," he added. Mr. Shinwell expressed admiration for the gallantry of the United Nations forces, particularly the Americans—"the main bearers of the burden in this desperate and unequal battle."

In the bitter fighting in East Korea on November 29, the British Marine Commandos lost eight killed, 26 wounded and 35 missing, he said. No details were yet available of casualties in the 27th and 29th Brigades in the recent fighting, but reports indicated that they were not heavy.

The total British casualties up to the beginning of the Chinese offensive were 52 killed and 174 wounded. The total American casualties at that point were 30,000, of which about 5,000 were killed.—Reuter.

## Mrs. Pandit Confers With Mr. Attlee

Washington, Dec. 7.

The Indian Ambassador to Washington, Mrs. Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit, today conferred privately with Mr. Clement Attlee, Britain's Prime Minister, on the Far Eastern crisis.

The Ambassador, who is a close personal friend of the Prime Minister, went to the British Embassy at 2.45 p.m. GMT for the conference, which was expected to touch on the recent peace moves, sponsored by India, to halt the Korean fighting.

Though there was no official intimation of the subjects to be covered in today's talks, it was expected that the Chinese reaction to the efforts of the Indian delegate to the United Nations, Sir Benegal Narasing Rao, for a settlement of the Far Eastern crisis, and also to the 13-nation appeal to China to stop her troops at the 38th Parallel, would be discussed.

Mrs. Pandit is flying to New York at 8.00 p.m. GMT today with her daughter.

Mrs. Pandit is expected to return to Washington tomorrow when she will attend a conference between Mr. Attlee and the Commonwealth Ambassadors in the United States.

It is thought that the Indian Ambassador would have an opportunity during her visit to New York to have a talk with the Chinese Communist delegate to the United Nations, General Wu Hsiu-chuan.

After today's meeting between Mr. Attlee and Mrs. Pandit, which lasted "almost half an hour," she said, she quoted Mrs. Pandit as saying that it was an entirely informal discussion during a personal courtesy call.

## THE BIG QUESTION

Berlin, Dec. 7.

Dr. Ralph Bunche, winner of the Nobel Peace Prize, said today that the next few weeks might provide the answer to the "big question"—whether the United Nations is strong enough to keep the peace and save the world from a catastrophe.

In a recorded broadcast over the American forces network here, Dr. Bunche said, "There is only one way to secure peace in the world and that is through the United Nations."

Although Dr. Bunche did not draw any parallels between the Palestine negotiations, which he led, and the current attempts to negotiate a truce in Korea, some of his problems in stopping the Arab-Jewish war were strikingly similar to those in Korea.

Reviewing the results of UN mediation in Palestine in the light of later developments, Dr. Bunche said, "I have no doubt the armistice will stand up." Dr. Bunche said the differences "are really quite few," and cited as the most important the 750,000 Arab refugees and the status of Jerusalem. He said there might be local incidents, "but we certainly do not anticipate any resumption of hostilities between the Arab states and Israel on any large scale."—United Press.

## Bevin Makes No Progress

London, Dec. 7.

Today's second business meeting between Salah El Din Bey and the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, since the Egyptian Foreign Minister arrived in London last week, lasted three-quarters of an hour.

A Foreign Office spokesman said afterwards that the whole period had been devoted to a further review of the problems of revising the 1936 Anglo-Egyptian Treaty and that another meeting between the two Ministers would take place later in the week.

Although usually well-informed quarters in London did not think that any progress had been made at the meeting on Tuesday, the length of today's meeting was thought to mean that some new proposals must have been introduced into the discussion.

Salah El Din Bey was accompanied by the Egyptian Ambassador in London, and Mr. Bevin by Sir Ralph Stevenson, the British Ambassador to Egypt, as well as by Foreign Office advisers.—Reuter.

## Germans Obdurate On Defence Issue

London, Dec. 7.

The Big Three agreed to bring 150,000 German fighting men into the armies that will defend Western Europe, but the Germans themselves appeared opposed to the agreement.

The compromise, which calls for German combat teams totalling one-fifth of the Atlantic Pact armies, was agreed upon early on Thursday when the French Cabinet approved the beginning of German recruiting with the least possible delay.

Now the real job begins. Beaten Germany must be persuaded to contribute men to an army under General Dwight D. Eisenhower to oppose the 130 divisions Russia has ready to roll into Europe.

The Committee of Deputies, representing 12 countries, will probably meet next week to lay its plan before the Chiefs of Staff of the Atlantic Pact nations in London. Then the defence ministers will meet to give the final approval.

The Germans want full equality in the international community as their price for helping to defend Europe. But the French have agreed only to German "combat teams" of about 50,000 men each and an overall strength which is not to exceed one-fifth of the entire Atlantic forces. That should mean about 100,000 Germans.



When is a bath not a bath? When Bath (Somerset) gets flooded and baths are used as boats. This local ironmonger, Mr. Ken Burt, ferried his young son through the flooded streets in this home-made bath-boat when heavy rains caused the Avon to burst its banks. Parts of Bath were flooded to a depth of four feet, traffic was dislocated and householders marooned.

## NEAR-PANIC SWEEPING SEOUL AFTER WARNING

Seoul, Dec. 7.

Near panic swept through the South Korean capital today as news leaked out that the Government had secretly warned members of the National Assembly to send their families to the south coast.

An authoritative source told Reuter that the Government warning was given by the Defence Minister, Mr. Shin Sung Mo, at an emergency secret session of the National Assembly today.

Mr. Mo said that it was "advisable" that families of prominent civil servants should also be sent to Pusan. He added that in the event of the Communist armies recrossing south of the 38th Parallel the Assembly and the Government would immediately transfer to Pusan.

A few hours after the secret Assembly session, Korean military police opened the barriers that had prevented civilians crossing southward over the Han River, which runs through the southern suburbs.

The Government action brought into the open the thinly disguised fear that has lain over Seoul since Pyongyang, the North Korean capital, was recaptured by the Communists on Tuesday.

Many wealthy families have already been evacuated from Seoul. The trickle of refugees began to swell today as the poorer people joined the flight.

The prices of truck and bus seats from Seoul to Pusan rose abruptly from 60,000 won (US\$15) to one million won (US\$250). One million won represents a year and a half's earnings for the average Korean workman.

### BITTER MEMORIES

The prices of furniture dropped to 10 percent of last week's prices as the jittery householders flooded the market with household goods that they could not carry with them.

## Indonesian Neutrality

Djakarta, Dec. 7.

Indonesia will not support the United Nations six-power resolution demanding the withdrawal of Chinese troops from Korea. Aneta news agency reported today.

The agency, quoting circles close to the Government, said that the Indonesian Republic would not condone the use of the atom bomb, which it considered as a "deed of inhumanity."

The Government stood behind the 13-nation resolution—which it helped to sponsor—urging the Chinese People's Republic not to cross the 38th Parallel because this "offered a bigger chance of the preservation of world peace."

The same circles said that the Government would do everything in its power to maintain Indonesia's independent foreign policy and would not align itself with any side in the event of a third world war.

Earlier today the Prime Minister, Dr. Mohammad Nuzri, had outlined Indonesia's position in the international field to a closed session of the Parliamentary Affairs Committee.—Reuter.

After Complete Renovation & Redecoration

## STAR THEATRE

Will reopen for business

on

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9th

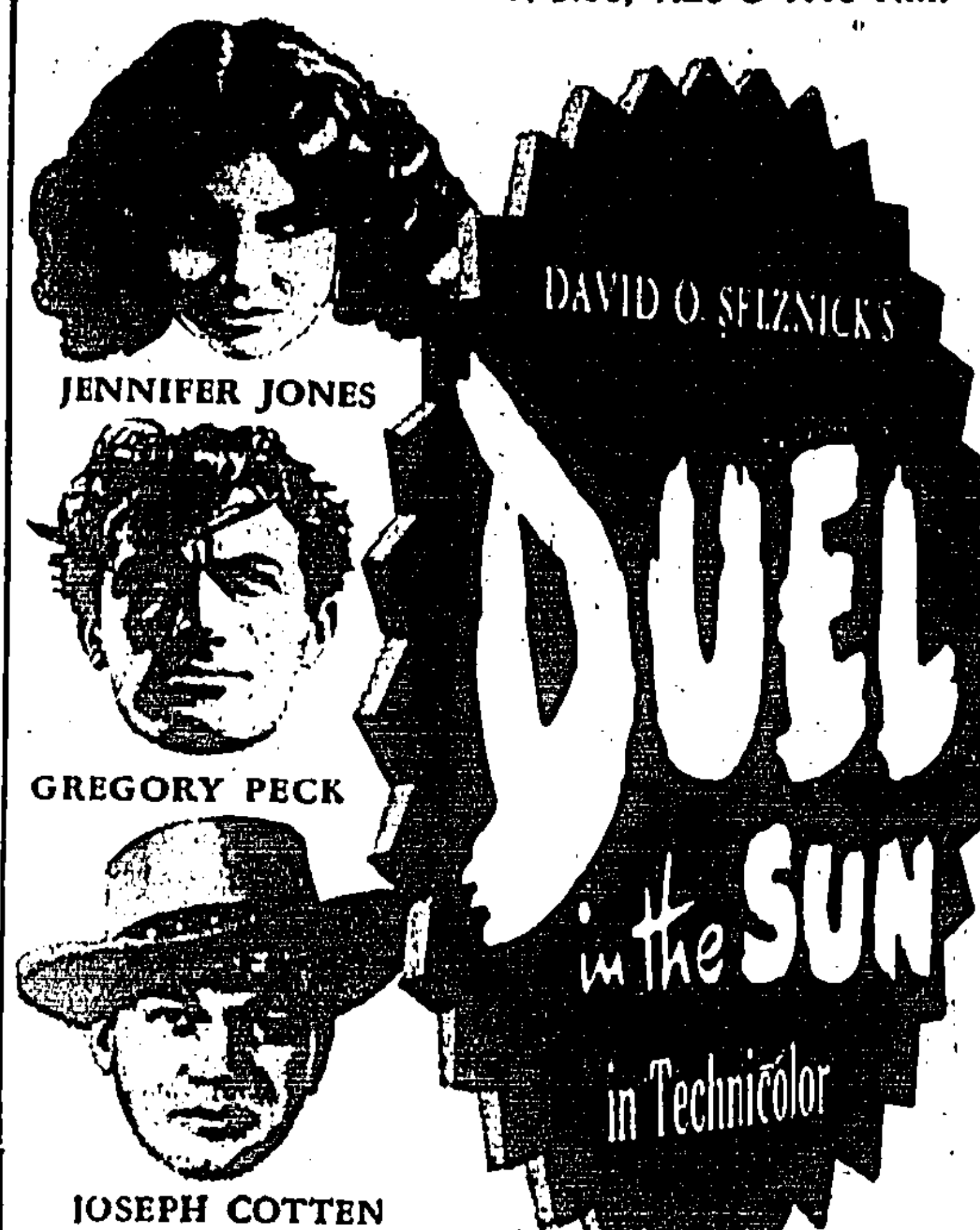
## A Bath Or A Boat?

## KING'S LIBERTY

Air-Conditioned

SHOWING TO-DAY

SPECIAL TIMES: AT 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.40 P.M.



With LIONEL BARRYMORE • HERBERT MARSHALL  
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WALTER HUSTON • CHARLES BICKFORD

## LEE Theatre

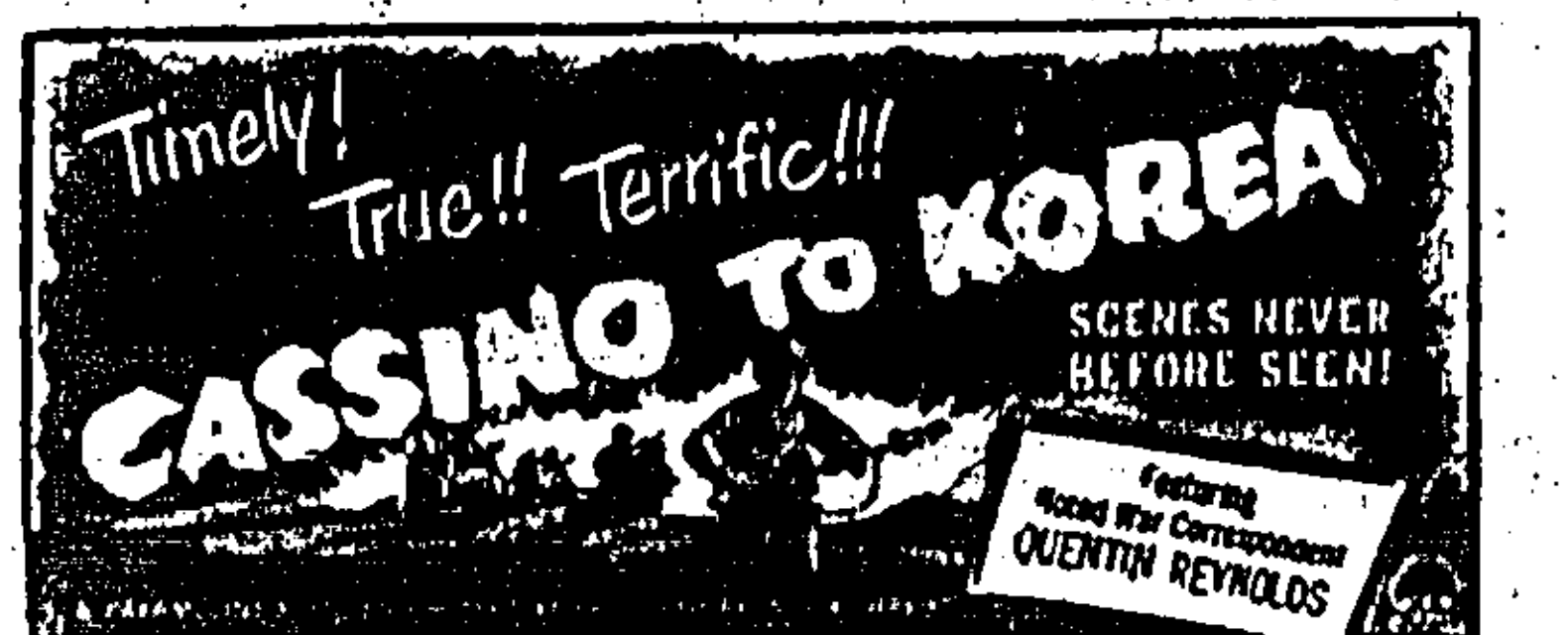
★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★

4 SHOWS AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

A NEW RUGGED OUTDOOR STAR—FORREST TUCKER  
THE "SANDS OF IWO JIMA" GIRL—ADELE MARA IN  
AN EXCITING WESTERN DRAMA



ALSO: Latest Paramount & Gaumont British News  
INTERNATIONAL SOCCER  
ENGLAND V. WALES



COMMENCING SUNDAY AT  
LEE AND LIBERTY

## ORIENTAL

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Take Any Eastern Tram Car or Happy Valley Bus

SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30—5.30—7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

The Greatest Musical Show with All Beautiful Girls!



SPECIAL ADDED ATTRACTION  
WALT DISNEY'S LATEST TECHNICOLOR CARTOON  
STORY OF THE THREE LITTLE PIGS



HELD OVER **Queens** HELD OVER  
TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

Most terror, mystery and romance with...  
**VAN JOHNSON**  
ELEANOR BRYANT - ANDREW HALL - TOM CLARK  
at the  
**SCENE OF THE CRIME**  
MGM  
loaded  
dances  
sings!

OPENS TO-MORROW **"BARRICADE"** In Technicolor

SHOWING **ALHAMBRA** At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.  
TO-DAY AIR-CONDITIONED

It's Kill-or-be-Killed, 100 Miles From Nowhere  
"AND A WOMAN IS A TREASURE TO FIGHT FOR!"  
Ruth Roman  
Clark  
Massey  
Warner Bros. **TECHNICOLOR**  
**BARRICADE**

**ROXY** OPENING TO-DAY  
AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
AIR-CONDITIONED

NEVER BEFORE  
Such an enchanting picture of the human race!  
CAGNEY  
BENDIX  
MORRIS  
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The Time of Your Life  
Produced by WILLIAM CAGNEY  
Directed by H.C. POTTER  
Released thru United Artists  
From William Somerset Maugham's Play  
Reviewed by CRAWFORD  
and BOND-BARTON  
The DRAPER

SPECIALLY ADDED LATEST 20TH CENTURY-FOX MOVIE NEWS: 1. CHINA REDS APPEAR AT U.N. TO CHARGE U.S. AGGRESSION. 2. TERRIFIC STORMS WRECK HAVOC IN NORTHEAST U.S. 3. VIVIAN DONNER'S CHRISTMAS DIAMOND FASHIONS.

SHOWING **MAJESTIC** At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.  
TO-DAY AIR-CONDITIONED

UNIVERSAL-INTERNATIONAL presents  
**Fred MacMURRAY**  
**Claire TREVOR**  
**3 MURDERS BEHIND... 200 MILES TO GO...**  
**Borderline**  
A MILTON H. BREN and WILLIAM A. SEITZ production

ADDED! LATEST WARNER PATHE NEWS  
1. General Wu at the U.N. Security Council  
2. U.N. Troops Retreat in Korea

SHOWING **Cathay** At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
TO-DAY

TWO COUPLE YOUNG RUSSIAN IN A VERY INTERESTING LOVE STORY.

**"THE FOUR HEARTS"**  
AN U.S.S.R. PICTURE

NEXT CHANGE—FIRST SHOWING IN HONGKONG!  
THE GREATEST WAR PICTURE DEDICATED TO THE MEMORY OF FRENCH PARATROOPERS!

## THE UMBRELLA BOYS FIGHT OFF 1,200

From JOHN SHAW: With the French Foreign Legion in Indo-China

THE Umbrella Army came proudly back from the war today—60 men who fought 1,200 and lived. From the slit loopholes of a whitewashed Beau Geste fort they fired to the last bullet. They killed 300 Red rebels. Then, after six days of battle, they slipped away through the jungle night to safety.

The fort is on the border between Red China and French Indo-China.

And the Umbrella Army of Indo-Chinese troops is helping the French against the Communist insurgents.

Umbrellas? The name comes from the parasols the troops used to keep their ammunition dry when they fought as an underground unit against the Japanese.

But now their commander, Nung Tri Boman, interprets it as a symbol of protection which his men try to give against the new enemy.

The Umbrella Army was ordered to hold the fort—at Thapoun, a river port—until French Foreign Legion troops relieved them.

**LOVE REBEL**  
The Reds attacked with mortars. Then they crawled up with firebrands and tried to set alight the fort's spiked bamboo palisade.

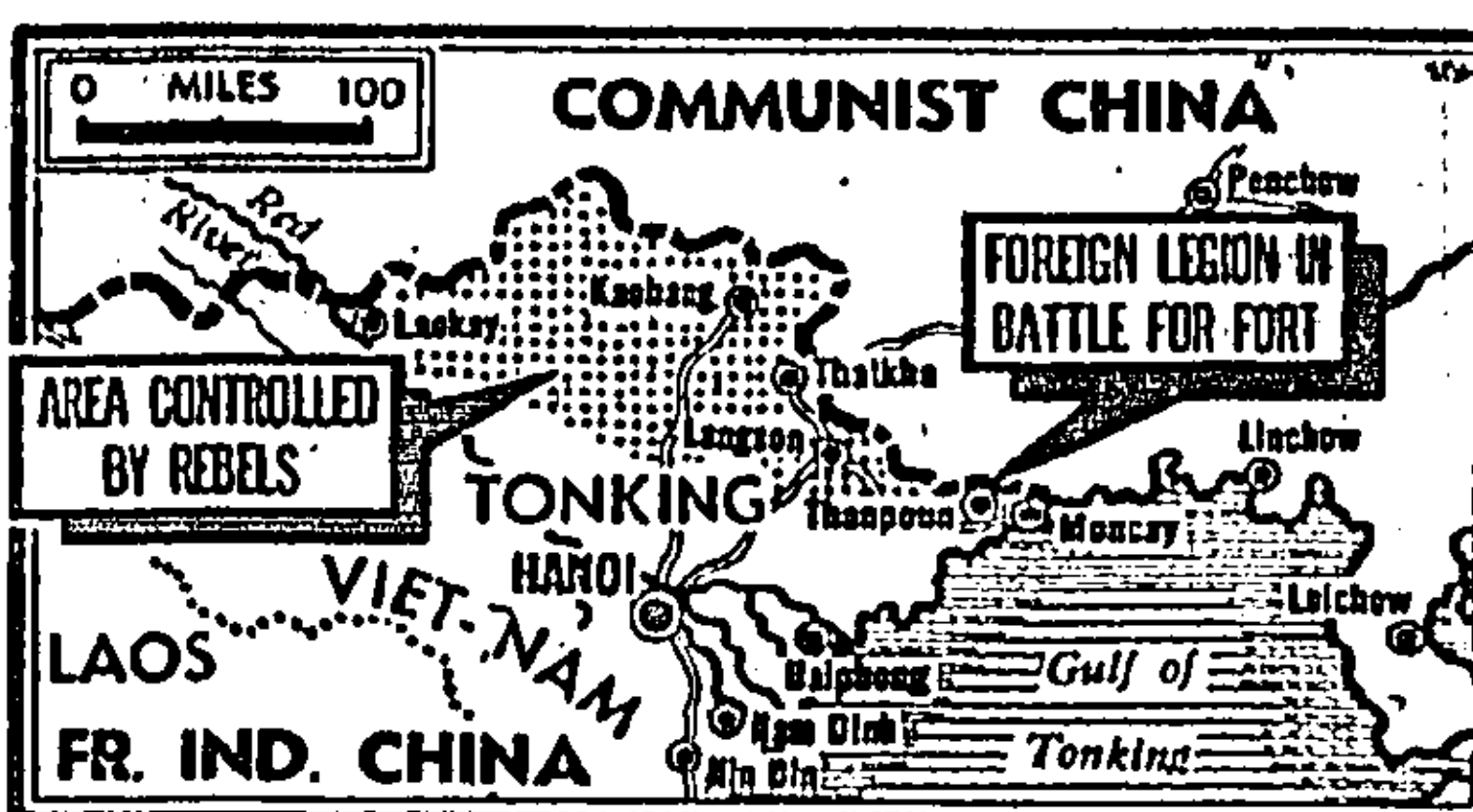
The garrison blasted them with grenades. A lone rebel scaled the six-foot spikes. He was shot, and dropped inside with his American tommygun—one of many captured by the Communists in the war with Nationalist China.

Food and bullets in the fort ran low. The garrison flashed a signal to the harbourmaster, and he set off by sampans 10 miles down the Mekong River.

The Foreign Legion hurried out. I went with them. We found the Umbrella Army sleeping in the shade of road-side bushes where they dropped with fatigue after bursting through the Red lines.

They wore brown-and-grey tunics and blue trousers, with berets and sun-helmets or just towels on their heads. Some were barefoot. They had brought out four wounded on litters made from green leaves lashed to poles.

**THEN SLEEP**  
The gallant garrison woke up and showed its trophies—the tommygun belonging to the Red who scaled the palisade, a galaxy of pistols and stick-type grenades. Then the men ate, and went to sleep again.



Sixty Legionnaires, with 200 fresh Umbrella men, set out to retake the fort.

The rebels, a host of black-clad figures, lined a ridge, and opened up with heavier machine guns and mortars than the French had.

The French commander, blue-eyed, golden-haired Captain Charles Gaffen, who stands 5ft. 11in. in his jaunty side cap of Robin Hood green, ignored the bullets and planned his attack.

His men squatted around in floppy wide-brimmed canvas hats—steel helmets are not worn in this campaign. Then the Legionnaires and Umbrella men tried to move forward. They were driven back.

### MORE DARING

Fresh rebel forces poled across the river from China on bamboo rafts and attacked our right flank.

A few minutes later more Reds swarmed over the hills on the left. We faced encirclement.

The Umbrella men came back down a valley to avoid the trap. The Legionnaires stood firm.

But finally young Captain Gaffen—nicknamed Boy Napoleon by his men because at 32 he looks at least ten years younger—gave orders to retreat. We go away before the pincers closed.

"We'll try again tomorrow," said the little captain.

The Foreign Legion—a tough bunch composed mostly of Germans, Czechs, and Hungarians—is confident that it can hold out against strong rebel forces massing in the mountains around this north-eastern corner of Indo-China.

But the Reds grow more daring every day. A dynamite squad blew a hole in the police post on the French side of the international bridge to Ching.

Another force shelters in China by day and at night crosses the river to mortar and machine-gun the outskirts of Moncy.

I counted 48 mortar bursts in an hour. They caused few casualties. But 1,000 women and children—families of people working for the Foreign Legion—have been evacuated by the French Navy.

And many others are fleeing in sailing junks and motor-boats to more strongly defended ports.

(London Express Service)

## Toys On The Secret List

While Britain's little boys and girls are wondering what toys this Christmas will bring them, British manufacturers are thinking of toys for Christmas next year. These will be on show at the world's biggest toy fair, which will open at Harrogate on January 8.

The latest novelties will remain rigidly on the secret list until the show opens, but a glimpse at some of the toys being made shows that they are becoming more lifelike than ever.

The new dolls, with soft, flesh-like plastic skins that can be bathed and powdered, can walk, talk, sing, sleep, cry real tears, take liquid from bottles and blow bubbles.

Pedal motor cars have head-lamps and tail-lights that light up, and "radios," which are really built-in musical boxes, in the dashboards. Next year's Easter eggs will include some that talk—you turn a handle and the egg recites "Humpty Dumpty" and other nursery rhymes.

Overseas buyers are coming to the fair from all parts of the world.

## WALKING-OUT DRESS

A picturesque feature of the walking-out dress approved for the Royal Air Force Regiment (Malaya) is a surging of light blue interwoven cloth, with a vertical panel, worn to the rear, in the Royal Air Force colours of maroon, light blue and dark blue.

The sarong, 30 inches deep, is worn from the waist to a little below the knees over white poplin long trousers made in the Malay style. The walking-out dress is completed by a white poplin shirt in Malay style and a blue-black velvet Malay cap, known as a songkok, on the front of which is worn the RAF airman's badge.

Ultimately it is intended that the shirt and trousers shall be made of silk, but the present cost of the material makes this impracticable for the time being.

THE MAN WHO CREATED BILLY BUNTER  
CREATES A NEW CHARACTER AT 75



Charles Hamilton, alias Frank Richards, with his cat Sammy.

At 75, Charles Hamilton has created a new character called Jack of All Trades. Who is Hamilton? He is the creator of those perennial schoolboys Billy Bunter, Tom Merry and Harry Wharton.

"Better stuff than Bunter," says Hamilton of Jack of All Trades.

Jack is a rolling stone gathering little moss. Hamilton plans to make him follow many trades in many lands. "He will always come up smiling for another round."

Hamilton writes the Billy Bunter stories under pen-name Frank Richards. He also used the names Martin Clifford and Owen Conquest.

Until the war Hamilton had kept up a yearly output of 1,500,000 words for 30 years. He earned 22,500 a year. The war, and paper rationing, brought this to a stop.

Now, at his house near Broadstairs, Hamilton's pen is busy again.

(London Express Service)

## 'Brolly' Once Led Guards To Battle

Keen historians have just observed that this year marks the bi-centenary in Britain of the modern umbrella—the sort carried by men and used primarily to keep off the rain.

Women, however, had used feather parasols long before, and even a crude, clumsy type of umbrella, but men in Britain had always disdained the use of the brolly until the eighteenth century, when John Hanway, the famous eastern traveller, first unfurled one in London streets.

It nearly caused a riot. The mob jeered that he was "a mincing Frenchman." Hackney coachmen and chairmen refused at any time to carry Hanway and his few followers of this new fashion, as wet weather favoured their trade.

Hanway was impervious to ridicule and soon the "macarons," or fashionable playboys of the day, copied him, though their umbrellas were still regarded as absurdly clumsy by the average man.

Gradually, however, the umbrella, by now a little more masculine in appearance, gradually caught on until today it is part of the equipment of the well-dressed man.

**FIRST TO USE**  
It reached Scotland through the medical profession. First to use one in Edinburgh was Dr Spens. In Glasgow, Surgeon John Jameson first carried a clumsy affair made of heavy waxcloth with cane ribs.

Towards the end of the 18th century gamps were so popular with men that many officers in Wellington's army actually led their troops into battle flourishing them instead of swords.

History records that General Picton led the Grenadier Guards into action against Napoleon's army in full formal costume of frock coat, silk hat and umbrella. The Guards won, but Wellington banished the umbrella as a military "weapon" soon afterwards.

When the Iron Duke later entered political life he was always seen carrying an umbrella. It was not until after his death that this brolly was found to be a swordstick.

The umbrella in some form or another dates back several thousand years. It was used by the women of ancient Greece as an article of adornment and in Persia, China and India as an emblem of power and authority.

In Italy men of fashion carried a brolly on horseback, resting the handle against the thigh as they rode. The custom of using

ing it as a sunshade descended through the Romans to the Italians and the French.

## Vie For Trip To Sphinx

Thousands of British children aged five to 13 are competing in an international drawing competition.

An air trip to the Sphinx, the Pyramids and other sights of Egypt is the first prize. Entries are invited by the organisers, Cairo's Society of the Friends of Art, from every country in the world.

Suggested subject is—Your country, its characteristic features, its inhabitants, its landscape.

## Left-Handed?

This stamp is causing keen-eyed stamp collectors to bombard the U.S. Post Office with queries.



Why, they ask, is the Boy Scout saluting with his left hand?

Further, he is not giving the regulation three-fingered salute.

The U.S. Post Office's reply is simple: "He is not saluting at all. Just shading his eyes."

## SIDE GLANCES

By Galbraith

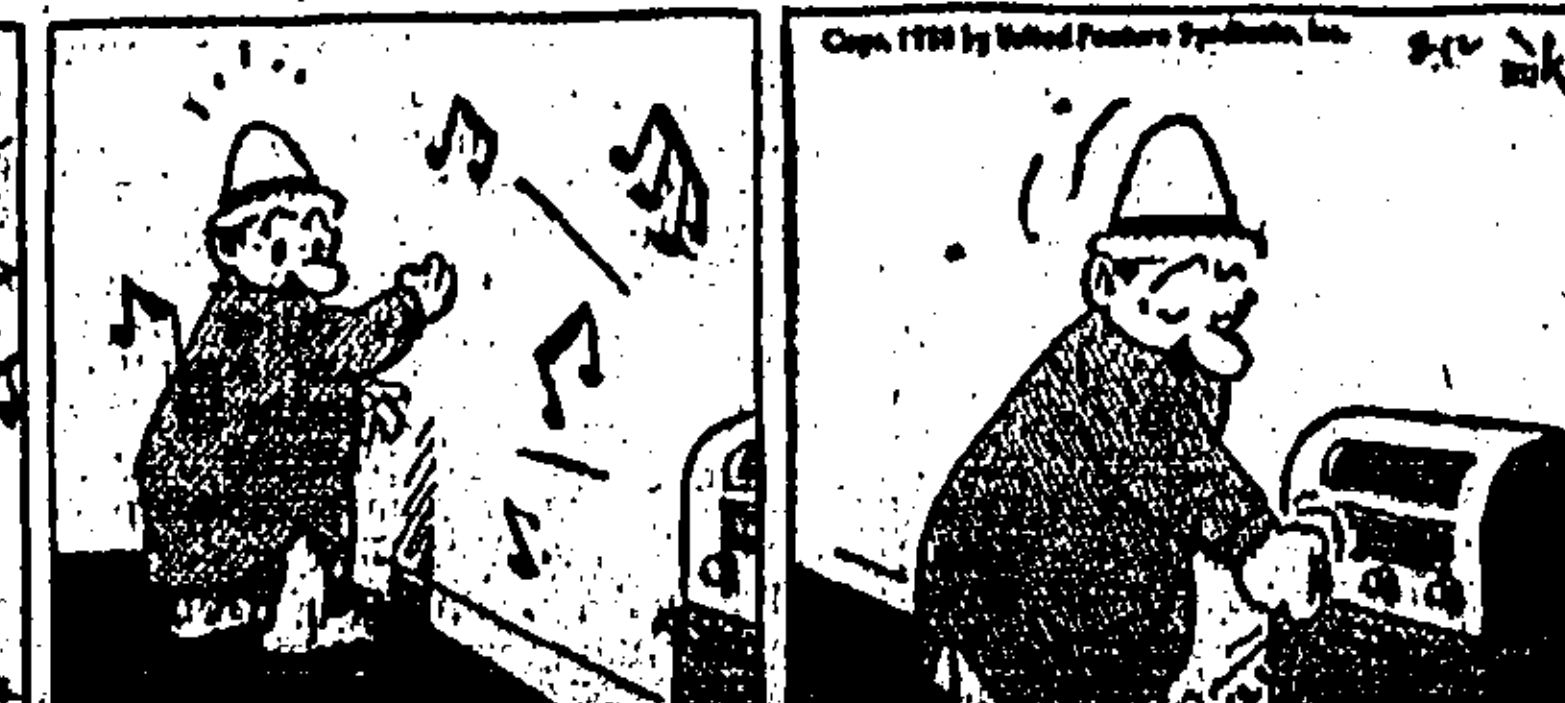


## FERD'NAND

Switching His Tune



By Milk





# WOMANSENSE

## Lustre And Softness

By HELEN FOLLETT

LUSTRE and softness are words that best describe beautiful hair. When your tresses shine, when every shaft is on its own instead of clinging to its neighbours, you have a becoming hair. When the growth is lifeless, looks neglected, it casts a shadow on your face. To add to a woman's attractiveness it should be arranged smartly. No matter what the colour may be, it will provide glamour if it is frequently shampooed, given a daily brushing.

The health of your hair depends upon a healthy scalp. Dry, brittle hair is generally indicative of a dry, flaky scalp. A scalp with overactive sebaceous glands will carry off the oils that cling close to the flesh, won't stay in curl, and make themselves generally obnoxious.

### Free Of Fat

Oiliness in excess calls for a diet that is fairly free of fat.

Also, it requires a shampoo once a week. This rite should be thorough and complete. The slightest particle of soap scum remaining on the growth will increase the oily state. Often the condition can be corrected by changing to a cream shampoo; this medium can be rinsed away easily.

Dry hair will be likely to respond to a vigorous fifteen minute brushing every day. The bristles of the brush should sweep over the scalp itself, removing dead scales. This treatment will have a vitalising effect upon the glands that have fallen down on the job for which they were created. A little brilliantine passed over the bristles will give the hair a glow.

### Before Shampoo

An oil treatment before the shampoo is particularly beneficial if the hair is falling. After a brisk brushing, part the hair in various places, trickle hot mineral oil along the partings, using a medicine dropper for the purpose. Spread fingers and thumbs over your scalp, friction the flesh. Startle blood streams travelling, and that helps to normalise the growth.

Footnote: If you want your hair to be lustrous and soft, shampoo it at least once a week. Be thorough in the rinsing, too, lest any soap be left in.

**Goya**  
the loveliest gift of all...

Gift perfumes—Goya's exciting new 'Treasure Chest'

Festive touch—a Cracker containing two handbag phials of perfume

Sweet thought—Talc to match her favourite perfume

A gift to remember—Goya's Medium size "Gardenia", a true, romantic, bitter-sweet, floral perfume

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## White for Winter

FOLLOWING last summer's "Black for the Beach" campaign, Paris is now promoting White for Winter.

This new sophisticated fashion idea is not as impractical as it sounds.

Winter-weight fells and velours are more easily cleaned than the clip or crinoline straw women wear in the summer.

White fur trimming is especially popular. White ribbed velvet is used for hats, and white velveteen for gloves and cravats.

### Odd gloves

IN PARIS, women are wearing white net evening dresses veiled with black lace... rows of black bull braid completely cover a white felt beret... one black glove is worn with one white glove... white jewellery is worn with an all-black outfit.

IN AMERICA, women are wearing white wool ¾-length coats trimmed with enormous collars and cuffs of black velvet or brown beaver... white berets are worn trimmed with a coarse black mesh veil... narrow strips of white fur trim black sweaters and cardigans.

IN LONDON, the shops are selling an all-white ulster coat, single-breasted and full-length, for £8 5s. 1d. Shell hats in white trimmed with shining black cocks' feathers 29s. 6d. Short white fur fabric coats tarian lined, sell for £10 10s.

### Brighter bedding

WOMEN are becoming more colour-conscious in the home.



coats tarian lined, sell for £10 10s.

They are replacing the traditional white household linen with pastels and deeper shades.

NAVY BLUE BLANKETS edged with oyster satin ribbon are popular. So are white sheets with a 4 in. turn-down patterned edging of white polka dots on a pastel ground.

HAND TOWELS have embroidered red edges, and organdie table mats are made in vivid contrasting colours.

### New coat line

THE most popular new coat line shown so far in the spring collections is ¾ length

and belted. (See photograph.) This style is going to be a fashion favourite for the spring.

These ¾-length coats must be worn with a straight pencil-skirt. The line is spoiled if it is worn with pleats or with a flared skirt.

### And new trousers line

DRAINPIPE trousers which taper to the ankles are being made to measure in London.

Cosy to wear, they look attractive in black velvet or plaid.

### Beauty news

FACE powder is given less thought by women than any other cosmetic. It is possible to buy powder in a wide range of colours which have been blended especially for a dry or oily skin.

And do you know that a rosy powder gives a more vivid effect under artificial light? A darker shade of powder, used only on certain parts of the face, helps to model the features.

(London Express Service)

## Home Repair Tips

By ELEANOR ROSS

It's just about that last minute before midnight so far as checking up the house for the winter is concerned.

Roofs should be inspected again for visible damage, and when all the leaves are off the trees, gutters should be cleaned out well. And during a heavy autumn rain, it is well to inspect the top rooms not forgetting the attic for leaks.

By now all outdoor water lines should be shut off and drained, and the area and yard drains cleaned. Indoors, grease traps should be cleaned out, leaking faucets repaired and drains unclogged or cleaned.

### Sashes and Locks

Go over windows, examine sashes and locks, replace or repair any damaged or broken window panes. Putty in all sashes, replace screens with storm sashes. Inspect or install weather stripping or caulking, all of which helps to reduce fuel bills by keeping warmth in and cold out.

Go over the house and check all electrical equipment. Lay in a stock of fuses if electrical installation doesn't include a permanent circuit breaker. Repair any frayed cords or damaged plugs. Stock up on bulbs of all types and sizes that you use. Go over all electrical equipment and see that it is in fine working order. Go over vacuum cleaner and if there seems to be anything wrong, have it serviced right away. A small service and repair charge invariably saves a big outlay later on.

### Clean Registers

Radiators, connectors and registers should be cleaned thoroughly before heating system is started. If this has been neglected, get it right away, especially if the rest of the house has had a good cleaning. When heat gets going, go over everything, no matter the type of heating system. Examine radiators to see that they are all working and evenly heated, so that valves work, watch for any register that whistles or rattles, pipes that bang, any unusual noise in the heater itself, any pronounced odour of oil, gas, or coal, any black smoke coming from the chimney. Have a serviceman in immediately to take care of anything that requires attention, before it gets worse or the weather gets really cold. If oil is used, keep tank at least a quarter full. Watch pressure, temperature and other indicators on your heating

### Household Hint

When you buy a fur coat, be sure it has ample room for body and arm action. If the armholes are too tight, perspiration will go through and ruin the fur. Dry sitting down in the coat, but take these precautions: do not pull the coat tightly around you; loosen it, raise it up, allow plenty of room, and your coat will last longer. When driving a car, pull the coat up around you so that the back will not pull or wear.

## BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

### A Pretty Little Girl Pixie

—She Had Grelow Eyes and Brimson Hair—

By MAX TRELL

"ARE there any girl-Pixies?" Hanid, the shadow-girl with the turned-about name, asked her friend Mr Punch.

Mr Punch looked startled and surprised for a moment, then he smiled. "Ah yes, my dear... a girl-Pixie! Of course, of course!"

"You mean there are?" "Certainly. There aren't very many. I don't suppose anyone else in the world besides myself has ever seen one. In fact," Mr Punch said, "I never saw but one girl-Pixie in my whole life. They're very rare."

"Rare?" said Hanid, who wasn't quite sure of what that word meant.

"Rare—hard to find," said Mr Punch. "The girl-Pixie I knew was named Pixie O'Cutie. She was about as big as a clothes-pin and she had large grellow eyes and long brimson hair, and—"

But Hanid was interrupting Mr Punch. "Please—wait a minute!"

"Yes, my dear? Something you don't understand?"

"Two words," said Hanid. "You said that Pixie O'Cutie had grellow eyes? What colour is grellow?"

"Dear me, dear me. You don't know the colour 'grellow'? It's yellow with some green in it," grellow.

"I've never seen anyone with grellow eyes, Mr Punch!"

### Second Word

"That's because you've never seen a girl-Pixie. Now what's the second word you don't know?"

"The second word is brimson. You said Pixie O'Cutie had brimson hair."

"So I did, and so she had," replied Mr Punch with a smile. "Now brimson is a colour, too. It's brown mixed with crimson... brimson. Crimson, of course, is a reddish kind of red."

"Like scarlet," said Hanid.

"Like scarlet," agreed Mr Punch. "And Pixie O'Cutie wore the loveliest clothes. Her dress was made of daisydill petals, and her hat was—"

"What's daisydill petals, please?" "Daisies and daisydill, my dear child. And her hat," Mr Punch went on, "was made of hollowed-out 'chestacorn.' Mr Punch stopped before Hanid had a chance to do it herself. "A chest-acorn is an acorn and



Pixie O'Cutie.

a chestnut. It makes a beautiful hat—if you have a head small enough to fit in it. Her shoes were two buttercups."

"Buttercups?" began Hanid. Then suddenly she realised that she knew what buttercups were. "I thought it was another made-up word," she said. "And what else did Pixie O'Cutie wear?"

"The only other thing she wore was a big capron tied with a sribbon in a big, handsome knot."

Here Hanid really stopped. Mr Punch and begged him to explain capron, sribbon and knot.

### Capo and Apron

"Gladly. A capron is a sort of capo and apron. A sribbon—as anyone might guess—is a string that looks like a ribbon, or a ribbon looks like a string. As for a knot, it's simply a knot and a bow, all wound up together."

"Oh!" said Hanid. "It would be a wonderful thing if you could meet Pixie O'Cutie, my dear. But I'm afraid you will find it rather hard. She lives under the end of the rainbow (but I forget which end), and she never comes out except on Saturday between twelve and thirteen o'clock."

Hanid admitted that it would probably be pretty difficult to find Pixie O'Cutie, especially as Saturday wasn't one of the regular days of the week, and the time between twelve and thirteen o'clock seemed odd as well. "Saturday only comes during the month of Remember. And if you have an old clock—a very, very old clock—and if you will listen very, very carefully you will hear it strike between twelve and thirteen o'clock. And then," said Mr Punch, smiling broadly, "and then—you will see lovely Pixie O'Cutie coming out from under the rainbow and waving how-dee-do!"

### Rupert's Climbing Adventure—41



For another moment Rupert stands and stares at what has surprised him, for over the bridge is riding a tall bearded man, carrying some boxes and rocks in his hand. On his shoulder is Rupert's mother, and she is the first to speak. "What's the matter, Rupert?" she asks. "What's the matter?"



little bear. "I'd better ask Pauline what we ought to do," she says, and she runs to fetch him. "Hi, come and meet my big new friend," cries the little pup. "Your friend did you say?" asks Pauline. "Yes, that's the man who's the first to speak."



## Skirt With Bretelles—Smart for Casual Wear



gether. Lay selvages toward you.

Measure 7" to right of A for B. C is ¼ hip plus 5" above D. Chalk and cut line E through C to edge of fabric. Stitch centre back seams.

Bring narrow ends of front and back of skirt together to make the waistline. Baste side seams, beginning left side seam 7" below top edge.

Lay a box pleat on each side of centre front to make front measure ½ waist plus 1". Dart back of skirt to make it measure ½ waistline, making a dart 2" on either side of centre back. Stitch across pleats to hold.

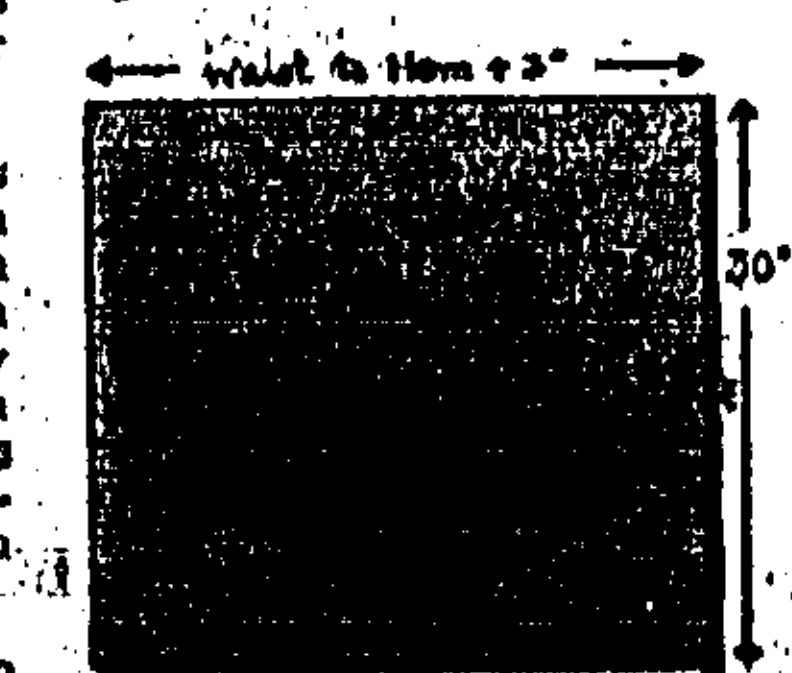
### Waistband With Seam

Put skirt zipper in. Join waistband pieces with seam. Baste waistband on skirt with seamline of band in line with right-hand seam of skirt.

Try skirt on. Lay pleats in ends of bretelles and pin to position, crossing them in back if desired. Check length of skirt. Remove dress.

Stitch waistband to position. This is a wide band so fold top edge over about 1" and whip at ends to hold. Put in bottom hem.

Sew bretelles to belt line. If necessary to hold them to position on shoulders, tack together from wrong side where they cross in back.



THE new lovely woollens are really economical to use, especially when they come in 60" widths, as many fine woollens do. Buy one skirt length of fabric that has no up and down, plus 3" for hem, plus 14" for bretelles and waistband. 1½ yards is usually ample.

Tear off crosswise, skirt length plus 3". Tear remaining strip in half crosswise for bretelles and waistband.

### Length of Bretelles

Decide how long your bretelles need to be and cut both strips this length. Remaining pieces are seamed together for waistband.

If strips are wide enough, turn 1-to-1½", on each edge. You want the finished bretelles about 1" wider than your shoulder width.

If you have square shoulders and need wider bretelles than fabric allows, then turn each edge under and face it with grosgrain, ribbon or military braid, attaching it so that a generous 1/8 of an inch shows on each side. Stitch or slip-stitch the loose edge of ribbon or braid to place.

Chalk Out Skirt Fold in half lengthwise, wrong side

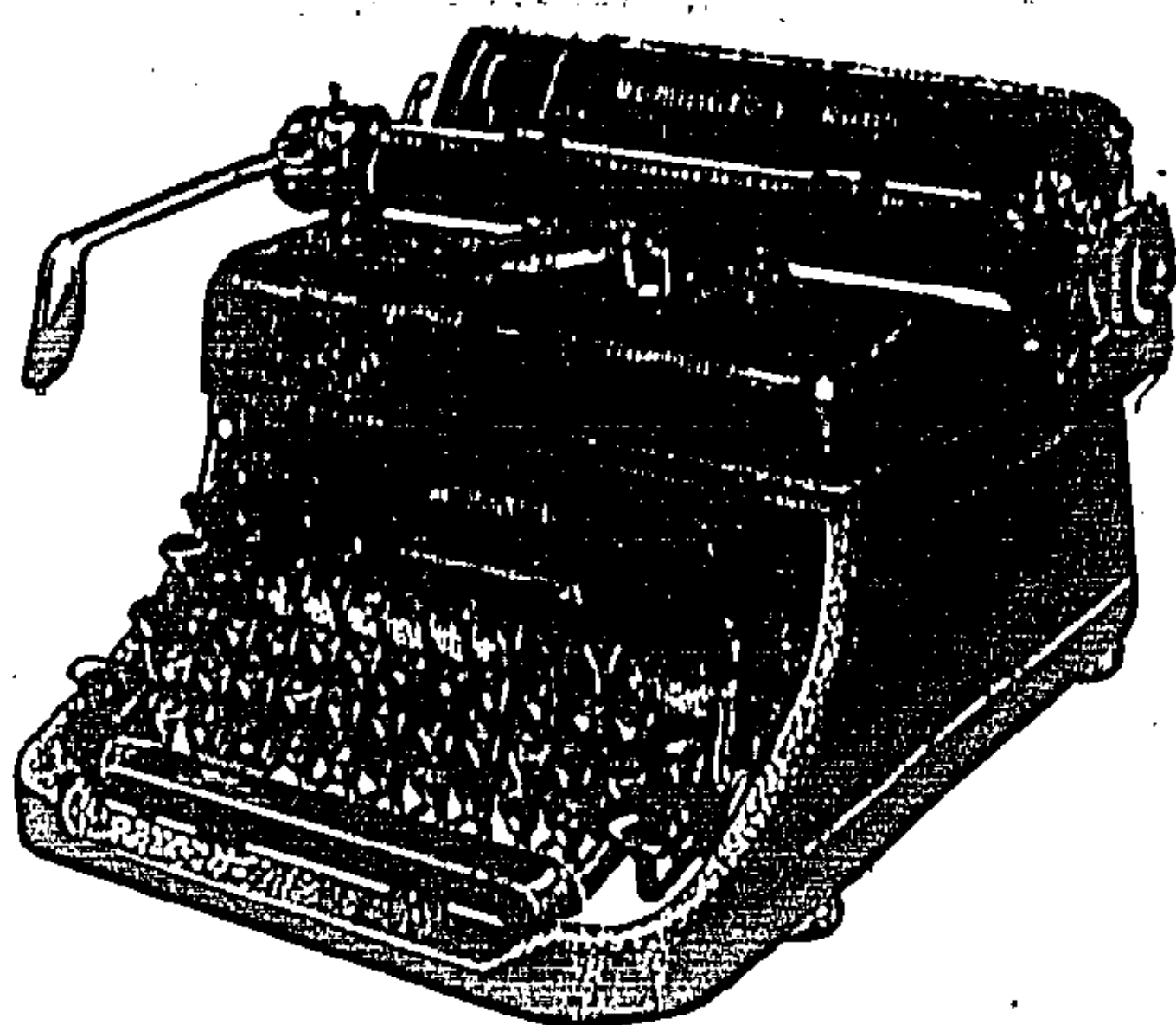


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# CASE-BOOK OF SIR PATRICK HASTINGS, KG CHAPTER 11 The Royal Mail Steam Packet Company's Balance-sheet

**L**ORD KYLSANT was the chairman of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company and Mr H. J. Morland was a partner in one of the largest and most respected firms of accountants in the world.

Both were pillars of respectability. Lord Kysant's career had been one of personal triumph and achievement, culminating in his elevation to the peerage in 1923. Mr Morland was a man whose private and public life had earned the respect of all who knew him.

Yet, on July 20, 1931, they stood side by side in the dock at the Central Criminal Court charged with publishing false and fraudulent balance-sheets of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company.

It was alleged that they had wilfully deceived the shareholders by representing that the company was prosperous when they knew it was on the verge of ruin.

The trouble arose over the balance sheets for the years 1926 and 1927.

In 1926 the company asked the Treasury to extend the period during which certain repayments of loans were due from the company to the Treasury.

The Treasury decided to hold an inquiry into the company's financial affairs, and appointed an accountant to look into their books.

## Running at loss

The balance sheet showed that the company earned a trading profit of £439,000 in 1926, but the Government inquiry discovered that in fact the company had been running at a loss.

The alleged profit was shown by crediting the accounts with £750,000 drawn out of tax reserve, and that instead of a trading profit of £439,000, the company had really incurred a loss of about £300,000.

In consequence the Treasury maintained that the balance sheet was fraudulent, and decided to institute criminal proceedings against Lord Kysant, as chairman, and Mr Morland, as auditor.

At the outset the case appeared difficult, and it was necessary to make careful inquiries, not only into the general practice of preparing balance sheets, but also into the precise figures in this particular case.

Lord Kysant's view was that great fluctuations in the earnings of shipping companies were only to be expected and gave no indication to the true financial position.

His experience had taught him that periods of prosperity occurred in regular cycles, and

it was necessary, from a business point of view, to accumulate large reserves in prosperous years, so that in leaner periods the company should be able to draw on them to make up losses.

He pointed out, with considerable force, that unless this course was adopted an untutored body of shareholders, faced with a sudden drop in their annual profits, might panic, which would be unfair to them and the investing public.

## Relied on them

Moreover he maintained that his company had employed the best possible firm of accountants as auditors, and that he relied on them to see that the company's balance sheets were properly prepared.

From the outset it was apparent that the main burden of this part of the trial would fall on Mr Stuart Bevan, K.C., and Mr, who were representing Mr Morland, and we looked to him for more thorough elucidation of the facts.

Although Mr Morland was no doubt an admirable accountant, as a client he was a little trying. Being completely conscious of his own integrity, he treated all the allegations with supreme contempt, and absolutely declined to recognise the danger in which he stood.

In addition, being a devoutly religious man, he was convinced that divine interference would decide the issue.

However, we eventually discovered that the accounts had been prepared in the office of the Royal Mail and the balance sheet submitted to Mr Morland for his certificate and final approval.

Mr Morland knew that reserves had been used to increase the profits for some years before 1926, and said that the use was quite usual and proper.

## Using reserves

But in 1926, as it was proposed to use so large a sum as £750,000 to change an admitted trading loss into a declared profit, Mr Morland considered that the time had arrived when some indication of that fact should be given to the shareholders.

So, when the draft balance sheet was submitted to him, Mr Morland wrote in the words: "Including adjustment of taxation reserves."

He did this entirely on his own initiative, and said that those words were the ones usually employed by accountants to give notice to shareholders and anybody concerned with the declared profit that

the profit had been arrived at only by using reserves.

Lord Kysant had nothing whatever to do with the inserted words, made no comment on them, and the final balance sheet, as published, contained Mr Morland's addition.

It was at once clear that the whole defence must turn on the question of whether or not the words used by Mr Morland were well recognised in accountancy circles, and were sufficient to give notice of the manner in which the trading loss had been turned into an apparent profit.

Infinite labour was expended by the solicitors instructing me to obtain instances of the practice and, before the preliminary police court hearing, I had been provided with a pile of balance sheets, all more or less to the same effect, with which to cross-examine the distinguished accountants who would be witnesses for the prosecution.

The next great difficulty we faced was whether or not to disclose our main defence at the preliminary hearing. We decided to risk the prosecution hearing our defence, and subsequent events proved we were well advised to do so.

## Left the court

The preliminary hearing took place at Guildhall before the Lord Mayor, and the first important witness was Sir William McIntock, head of the well-known firm of accountants bearing his name.

In front of me were piles of balance sheets, some audited by Sir William himself, and it was fairly obvious that the cross-examination was likely to be prolonged.

But, as soon as I asked my first question based on our main defence, that the actual words "including adjustment of taxation reserves" were the words customarily used by wise accountants in similar circumstances, the magistrate adopted what was, to my mind, an extraordinary and unprecedented course: he refused to allow any of the questions as being irrelevant.

Sir Pheneas Neal was then Lord Mayor. He was also a solicitor, and perhaps a little conscious of his own importance, but how in the world he took on himself to reject, at a preliminary inquiry, a cross-examination obviously based on the considered opinion of a large number of eminent counsel, has always passed my comprehension.

His ruling necessitated an immediate decision. I saw at once that the defence might benefit extraordinarily from his action. I rose, said that, in view

of his ruling, none of the counsel present could take any further part in the hearing, and we all left the court in a procession.

I immediately communicated with the Attorney-General and obtained permission for my solicitors to interview the prosecution's witnesses to obtain the statement of their views, which the Lord Mayor's action had prevented us from obtaining in the police court.

## Frank replies

Lord Plender, perhaps the doyen of accountants, was the witness we really wanted to see. He, also, had verified balance sheets containing words substantially similar to those complained of in the present case, and accordingly a carefully prepared questionnaire was submitted to him.

The replies were absolutely frank and, in our opinion, entirely satisfactory. It was on the material he supplied that our defence was mainly based.

The trial took place on July 20, 1931, at the Central Criminal Court, before Mr Justice Wright and a jury.

Lord Plender was the first witness and his evidence was formal. It was on his cross-examination that everything depended.

I do not remember ever approaching a cross-examination with more anxiety, and, as the questions and answers formed the basis of the whole defence, I gave them in full: Is it quite a usual and a proper thing for companies to set aside large sums against their liability for excess profits and income tax?—Yes.

If they were not required for the next year, could they properly be brought back into profits for subsequent years?—That would be quite a regular credit.

## No exception

In many cases, would they not be disclosed in a profit and loss account as having been brought into credit?—Sometimes no reference is made but, generally speaking, it will be found that a transfer has been indicated.

Do I understand you to mean that if the secret or inner reserves are used for that purpose, they might probably come a time when an auditor would say that some indication should be given to the shareholders that those transfers are being made?—Yes.

Are there not many cases in which a reserve of this kind is made into the credit of the year's profit and loss and no mention is made that reserves have been called upon?—There are such cases.

Is it done by firms of the very highest repute?—Yes.

It is your view that no exception could be taken to that practice?—As a principle, no exception could be taken.

Might there come a time when the auditor would say: "Now if these reserves are to be used again some indication must be given to the shareholders that the profit and loss account is augmented by transfers from the excess profits duty reserve?"—Yes.

## Relief

Are there common phrases used by auditors to indicate such augmentations in one or other of these forms: "Excess profits duty adjustment," "After adjustment of reserves for excess profits duty," "Taxation adjustment," "Adjustment of taxation reserve"?—Yes.

Are all these phrases commonly used by auditors to indicate transfers to the profit account from taxation reserve?—That is so.

And those transfers, according to the facts of any particular case, might be either small or large?—Yes.

That being so, if you saw such words as those which I have described in a profit and loss account, would you understand

from them that there had been a transfer from an excess profits duty or other reserves, which might be small or large?—Certainly.

That was all we could have hoped. Mr Bevan's relief was quite as great as mine, for when I sat down he whispered: "That has done them!"

After that evidence, how was it possible to contend that Mr Morland had deliberately prepared that phrase to hide an uneasy conscience?

I did not envy the Attorney-General his task of trying to establish criminal dishonesty against Mr Morland.

As I called Mr Morland into the witness-box anything less fraudulent in appearance it would be impossible to imagine. His demeanour was precisely as it had been on the first occasion I had seen him. He treated any allegation with supreme indifference and regarded his accusers almost with good-natured contempt.

## Jury retires

Although cross-examined at some length, he declined to budge one inch and, when asked about his interest in the company, said he had no interest financially or otherwise, except to the extent of his auditor's fee.

As this was shared with all the many partners in his firm, it resulted in a benefit to him of only £20.

At last the jury retired, and were absent some hours.

The period of waiting while a jury is considering its verdict is one I have always hated. In this case I hated it more than ever. I was so determined that my clients should be acquitted, and the jury was out so long.

All the devoted band of skillful lawyers who had worked so hard and helped me so much, shared my anxiety. Nerves began to fray and tempers became short. Mr Morland alone maintained his attitude of confidence, almost amounting to indifference. In fact, it became intolerable, and when we discovered that his expatriating confidence extended to his home, the irritation became more than those instructing me could bear.

While the jury was still out a telephone call from Mr Morland's home was put through to my solicitor.

## He was wrong

A sweet and gentle voice addressed him: "Could you kindly tell me if Mr Morland is likely to be late for dinner?"

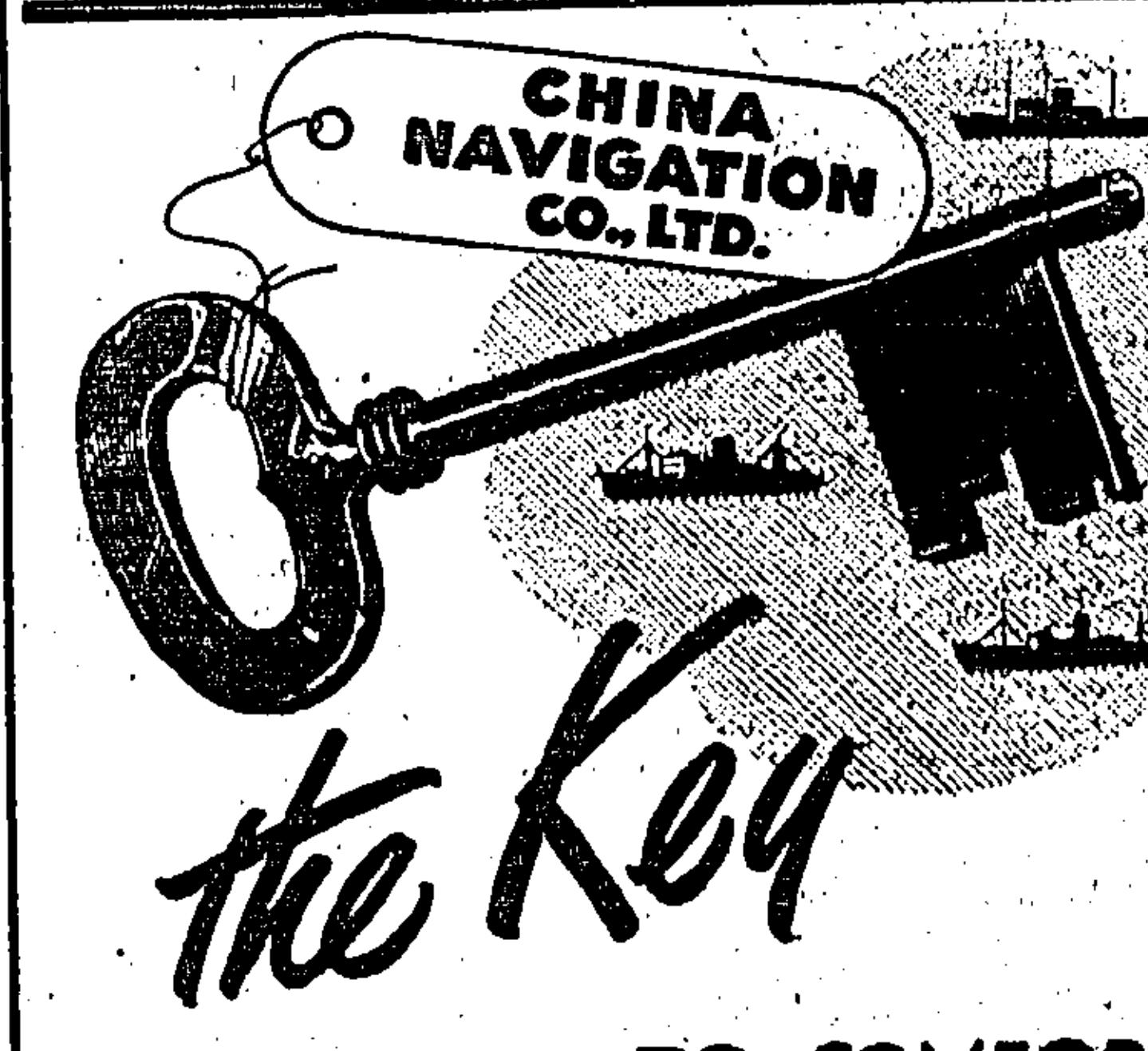
It was the last straw. "Yes, madam," he replied, "I should think about twelve months late."

But he was wrong. The jury returned a verdict of Not Guilty, and both Mr Morland and Lord Kysant were acquitted.

Unhappily for Lord Kysant, that was not the end. Against him alone there was a further charge and he was convicted and sentenced to a term of imprisonment.

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**NERO HAUNTS HIM**

By R.M. McColl

PARIS.

**I**N a luxury suite of the George V. Hotel I talked to a weary blue-eyed little man named Mervyn LeRoy, one of the top producers of Hollywood.

He has just finished eight months' work in Rome on "Quo Vadis," the epic to end all epics.

"I cannot relax any more," LeRoy complained as he sipped some ice-water.

## Those horses...

"Oh, those horses. Oh, those thousands of people."

"There were 18,000 extras, and 180 a day used to faint on an average in Rome's summer heat. Oh, those costumes. Oh, the worry of it all."

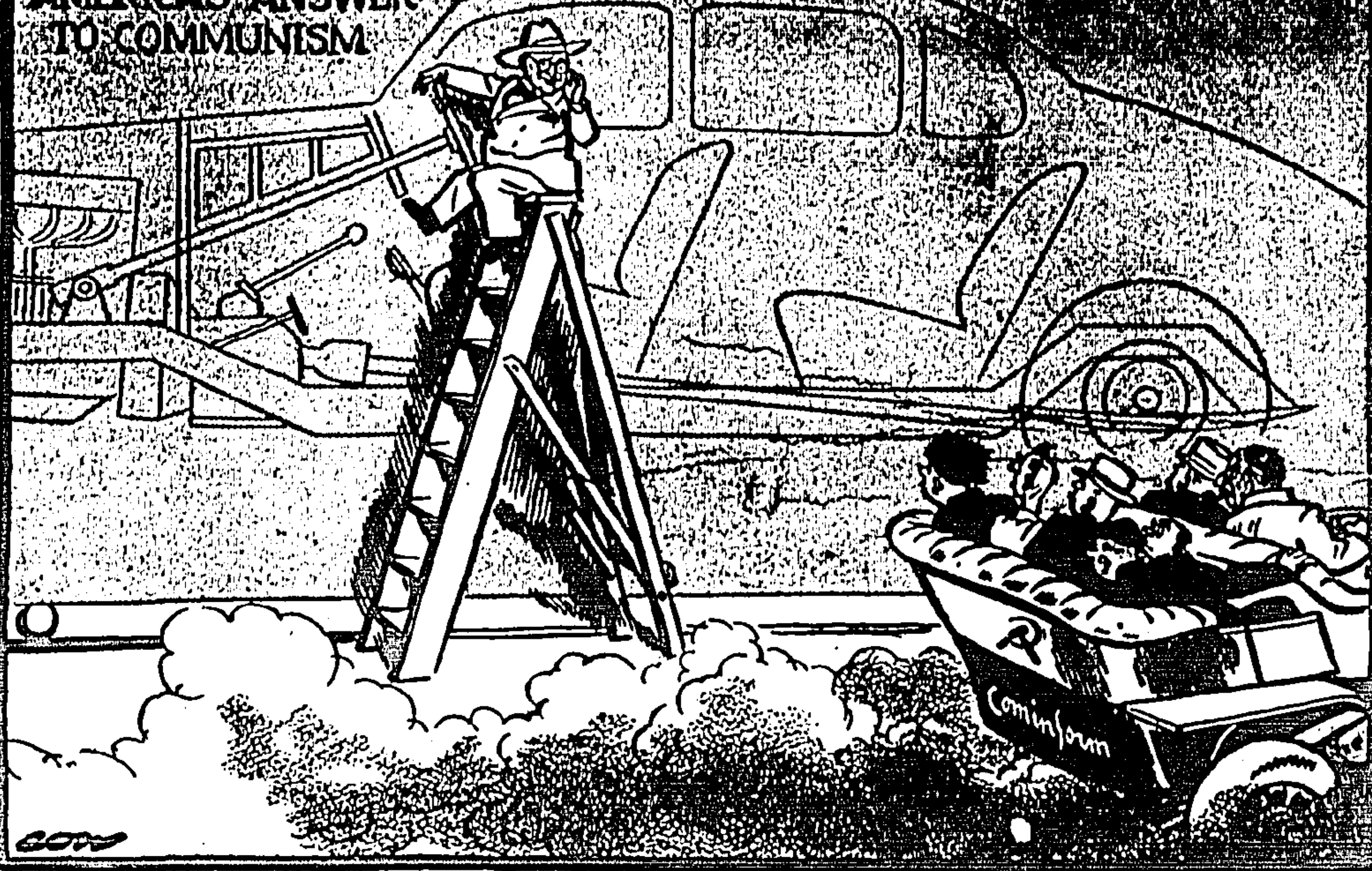
He stretched out on the sofa and stared at the ceiling. He wore a camelhair dressing-gown, with his initials boldly woven over the heart.

"Listen," he said. "Some friends took me to a famous Paris night spot. As soon as we got inside I thought I was back again in the Circus Maximus. I am tired of crowds and people. Go I yelled out again."

"Then people complete strangers—come up to me and talk about 'Quo Vadis.' They stop me in the street and start asking me whether all the statistics are really true. Old Nero got indignation from eating so much?"



# GRAFF PRINT AMERICA'S ANSWER TO COMMUNISM



"MYA JOE! JUST GETTING BACK FROM THE OLD CROCK'S MEET?"

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## CHAPTER 33 OF "THE HINGE OF FATE"

# DE GAULLE REFUSES TO GO TO CASABLANCA

By Winston Churchill

After abortive attempts to persuade Stalin to attend a three-Power conference on future strategy, Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt, together with their advisers, met in mid-January, 1943, at Casablanca, in Morocco.

On Jan. 12, I left for North Africa. My journey by air was a little anxious. In order to heat the "Com-mando" they had established a petrol engine inside which generated fumes and raised various heating points to very high temperatures. I was woken up at two in the morning, when we were over the Atlantic 500 miles from anywhere, by one of these heating points burning my toes, and it looked to me as if it might soon get red-hot and light the blankets.

I therefore climbed out of my bunk, and woke up Peter Portal (the Chief of the Air Staff), who was sitting in the well beneath, asleep in his chair, and drew his attention to this very hot point. We looked around the cabin and found two others, which seemed equally on the verge of becoming red-hot.

We then went down into the bomb alley (it was a converted bomber), and found two men industriously keeping alive this petrol heater. From every point of view I thought this was most dangerous. The hot points might start a conflagration, and the atmosphere of petrol would make an explosion imminent. Portal took the same view.

### Warm meeting

I decided that it was better to freeze than to burn, and I ordered all heating to be turned off, and we went back to rest shivering in the ice-cold winter air about 8,000 feet up, at which we had to fly to be above the clouds. I am bound to say this struck me as rather an unpleasant moment.

When we got to Casablanca we found beautiful arrangements made. There was a large hotel in the suburb of Anfa, with accommodation for all the British and American staffs and big conference rooms. Round this hotel were dotted a number of extremely comfortable villas, which were reserved for the President, for me, for Gen. Giraud and also for Gen. de Gaulle, should he come. The whole enclave was wired in, and closely guarded by American troops.

I and the Staff were there two days before the President arrived. I had some nice walks with Pound and the other Chiefs of Staff on the rocks and the beach. Wonderful waves rolling in, enormous clouds of foam, made one marvel that anybody could have got ashore at the land-

My son Randolph had come across from the Tunisian front. There was plenty to think about, and the two days passed swiftly by. Meanwhile the Staffs consulted together for long hours every day.

The President arrived in the afternoon of the 14th. We had a most warm and friendly meeting, and it gave me intense pleasure to see my great colleague here on conquered or liberated territory which he and I had secured in spite of the advice given him by all his military experts. The next day Gen. Eisenhower arrived, after a very hazardous flight. He was most anxious to know what lines the Combined Chiefs of Staff would take, and to keep in touch with them. Their plane of command was altogether above his.

### Alex impresses

A day or two later Alexander came in, and reported to me and the President about the progress of the Eighth Army. He made a most favourable impression upon the President, who was greatly attracted by him and also by his news, which was that the Eighth Army would take Tripoli in the near future. He explained how Montgomery, who had two strong Army Corps, had dismantled one and taken all the vehicles to bring the other on alone, and that this would be strong enough to drive Rommel right back through Tripoli to the Marech frontier line, which was a very serious obstacle.

Neither I nor the President attended the Staff conference, but we were informed of the whole position and consulted with our own officers every day. The differences did not run along national lines, but were principally between the Chiefs of Staff and Joint Planners. I was myself sure that Sicily should be the next step, and the Combined Chiefs of Staff took the same view.

The Joint Planners, on the other hand, together with Lord Mountbatten, felt that we should attack Sardinia rather than Sicily, because they thought it could be done three months earlier; and Mountbatten pressed this view on Hopkins and others. I remained obdurate, and with the Combined Chiefs of Staff solid behind me, insisted on Sicily.

### Eaker's plea

In these January days I received a request from Gen. Eaker, the Commander of the American Air Forces in England, to see me. I asked him to lunch alone. We discussed the question of the American bombing of Germany by the armoured Flying Fortress. I was personally sceptical of this method. I had to the point of saying that I regretted that so much effort would be wasted by such a method.

had been put into the daylight bombing, and still thought that a concentration upon night bombing by the Americans would have resulted in a far larger delivery of bombs on Germany.

Eaker stated the case for the daylight Fortress bomber with forceful earnestness, and pointed out what immense preparations had already been made in England—the transfer of many squadrons from America, the piling up of men, materials, spare parts, and so forth, and also the preparation of airfields now at length ready.

I pointed out in reply that here we were at the beginning of 1943. The Americans had been in the war for more than a year. They had all the time been building up their air-power in England, but so far they had never thrown a single bomb on Germany by their daylight methods except perhaps on one occasion when a very short raid was protected by British fighters. Eaker, however, pleaded his cause with skill and tenacity. He said it was quite true that they had not yet struck their blow—give them a month or two more and they would come in to action on an ever-increasing scale.

Considering how much had been staked on this venture by the United States and all they felt about it, I decided to back Eaker and his theme, and I turned round completely and withdrew all my opposition to the daylight bombing by the Fortresses.

### Terrible thing

It was certainly a terrible thing that in the whole of the last six months of 1942 nothing has come of this immense deployment and effort; not a single bomb had been dropped on Germany. There must have been 20,000 men and 500 machines all laid out in East Anglia—and nothing so far, as it seemed, to show for it at all.

However, when I turned round and pressed no longer the formidable point I was having developed, there was a great easement, and the American plans were no longer subject to British criticism. They went ahead and soon began to pay dividends. All the time I still think that if at the beginning they had put their money on night bombing we should have reached our climax much sooner.

The question was then raised about de Gaulle. I was now most anxious for him to come, and the President agreed generally with this view. I asked the President also to telegraph inviting him. The General was very haughty and refused several times. Then he agreed to put the matter under pressure upon his staff, to the point of saying that he would not come was almost

insist on his being replaced by someone else at the head of the French Liberation Committee in London.

It is very odd to see the account which the President's son, Elliott Roosevelt, gives of this in the book which he hastened to write about the confidential talks he heard of the meals to which he was brought by his father. He seems to suggest that the President suspected me of trying to stop de Gaulle coming, and objecting to his being brought there, whereas I was putting the utmost pressure possible to get him to come. This rubbish has had a wide and long currency. The telegrams dismiss it for ever.

### Unfavourable

Prime Minister to Foreign Secretary. 18 Jan., '43. If you think well you should give the following message to de Gaulle from me. [Begins].

I am authorised to say that the invitation to you to come here was from the President of the United States of America as well as from me.

I have not yet told Gen. Giraud, who came attended only by two Staff officers, and is waiting here, of your refusal. The consequences of it, if persisted in, will in my opinion be unfavourable for you and your Movement. First we are about to make arrangements for North Africa, on which we should have been glad to consult you, but which must otherwise be made in your absence. The arrangements when concluded will have the support of Great Britain and the United States.

The fact that you have refused to come to the meeting proposed will in my opinion be almost universally censured by public opinion and serve as a complete answer to any complaints. There can of course be no question of your being invited to visit the United States in the near future if you reject the President's invitation now.

### Door still open

My attempt to bridge the difficulties which have existed between your Movement and the United States will have definitely failed. I should certainly not be able to renew my exertions in this direction while you remain the leader of the above Movement.

The position of His Majesty's Government towards your Movement while you remain at its head will also require to be reviewed. If with your eyes open you reject this unique opportunity we shall endeavour to get on as well as we can without you. The door is still open.

## ALICE LADEN in an interview with F. G. Prince-White, says I WAS PROUD TO LOOK AFTER GBS

ALL the world know George Bernard Shaw as a genius; I know him as a human being—an old gentleman who always took three hours to chew his midday meal of raw vegetables and was terrified of strangers.

I had not been his housekeeper long before I realised that few of the many people who came to his Hertfordshire home to see him were truly welcome. Towards the end he was reluctant to see even the "old familiar faces."

I once asked him: "Why on earth did you ever come to live in an out-of-the-way little spot like Ayot St. Lawrence?"

He looked at me with twinkling eyes, like a mischievous schoolboy. "Mrs Laden," he answered, "I came here to hide away from people. People bother me."

From that day onwards everybody who came to see "The Sage" had first to reckon, with me, and I saved him from being "bothered" far more often than he ever guessed.

Mr Shaw was fundamentally a shy man. The shyness showed itself especially when he was taking his meals. He preferred to be alone at table.

After lunch he would lie down on his couch and sleep for an hour or so, then he would read and write.

His evening meal over, he would settle down to books, or listen to the wireless—always, since its inception, the Third Programme.

Sometimes I would hear "hot" dance music or a musical-hall programme coming from his set. There was always only one explanation for this: I would find him fast asleep in his armchair!

Mr Shaw was extremely fond of music. He was, I am convinced, a genuinely "musical" man, and had considerable skill as a pianist. He played on the piano at his country home even when he was over 90.

### Dreaded change

OFTEN he would turn to the piano suddenly on his way to bed at midnight and play himself a bedtime tune. If it was an Irish song he was playing he would sing it too.

One of my very few difficulties in providing for Mr Shaw's comfort and well-being was his incorrigible refusal to admit that he had lived into the Age of Austerity.

He seemed to have a deep-seated dread of change—even of a change in the appearance of his home surroundings.

I had no idea how much he depended on me until, just after his 90th birthday, I was offered a very tempting and responsible post in London. I wrote him a note about it, which I left on his dining-table.

The moment he opened it he made for his garden study—as I knew he would.

Half an hour later a note from him was brought to me. This is what it said: "Your atomic bomb exploded on my breakfast-table this morning."

### His tribute

"YOU are of course, too good for your dull job, but there are hard times coming and very hard work for those who get any work at all. You are too young and energetic to settle down in retirement, and as you will have to housekeep, anyhow, it will be actually cheaper to keep my house than your own."

"No doubt you can 'better' yourself; but I cannot."

How could I have gone away? Of course, I hadn't seriously intended to do so.

Later on that day Mr Shaw said to me: "You know I would double your salary if you merely lifted your little finger."

That hurt me, and I replied tartly: "When I want you to double my salary I will come and ask you."

However, when my next month's cheque was paid into the bank I found that he had doubled it.

That gesture was typical of him; yet he was for ever saying that he wasn't a rich man; and that he had to be "sensible!" I always thought that this was merely Irish coarseness. But he was always "agin the Government" for taking so much of his earnings and royalties in income tax, and I often wondered whether he was really a Socialist at heart; to me he seemed as much a Tory as any other wealthy man.

When he first fell ill he refused to take any sort of nourishment.

"I'm going to die, Mrs Laden," he said.

"Nonsense!" I told him. "And anyway," I said, "that's a fine way to talk to the woman who has the responsibility of looking after you."

### 'No light matter'

"DON'T worry about me, Mrs Laden," he said. "I'm a very old man and must expect to die."

"Mr Shaw," I said, "you're much more than just a very old man; you're a national monument—and looking after a national monument is no light matter."

Nor was it ever! But I shall always be proud of the part

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## DEATHS

RAWITZ—Wilhelm, passed away of  
heart failure in Hamburg while  
on furlough visiting friends on  
5th December 1950, aged 58.  
Funeral arrangements will be  
announced later.

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CHILD'S SPECTACLES on Hume-  
stead Road near Peak Dairy Farm.  
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Queen's Road.PEKING ART RUG CO., 221A  
Nathan Rd., Kowloon, sell exclusive-  
ly carpets and rugs. Please drop in  
and have a look.

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KNOWN" column.CONVENIENT EASY Way to own a  
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a bedside model, large table model,  
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## NOTICE

THE SEVENTEENTH  
ANNUAL GENERAL  
MEETING  
of  
THE HONGKONG SOCIETY  
FOR THE  
PROTECTION OF CHILDREN  
will be held in  
St. John's Cathedral Hall  
on  
Thursday, December 14  
at 5.30 p.m.All interested in Child  
Welfare are cordially invited  
to attend.

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## John Macadam's Column

POOLS MUST NAME  
BIG WINNERSThere was occasion, the other day, to point up the  
fact that the pools companies, paying tax at the rate of  
something like £14,000,000 a year, were by way of be-  
coming one of the better fee-gathering agencies in the  
land.There is some little thing to add to this happy (if  
you should think of it that way) phenomenon and, if we  
appear to be slightly carping, please do not regard us as  
the common informer who lives next door but one, or  
even as the local watch committee.But it should be said that there is an increasing tendency  
for the lucky winners of large  
amounts of pools money to hold  
to that clause in their contract  
that makes it possible to have  
their good fortune wrapped in  
discreet anonymity.Now, it is easy to think up a  
dozen reasons for this desire  
for anonymity. There are the  
inevitable begging letters, the  
lines of tappers, the demands of  
the charity boys and girls—an  
endless succession of people, all  
of whom have good superficial  
reasons for helping the winner  
spend his money in the best and  
quickest fashion.

## OBLIGATION

At the same time, it should  
be remembered that the obli-  
gation of the pools companies does  
not finish with the winners of  
their fantastic, better-than-  
£100,000 prizes. That obligation  
finishes with the last of the  
12,000,000 punters who invest  
anything from a shilling to  
five pounds a coupon.The pools promoter is not a  
bookmaker with whom they  
each have a separate bet, which,  
like a doctor's diagnosis, is a  
purely private matter between  
one and the other.The promoter is little more  
than an agent who takes a com-  
mission for balancing a certain  
number of winning bets againsta vast number of losing ones,  
and all these losers are very  
much entitled to know who has  
won how much of their money.  
It may occasionally be em-  
barrassing for the winner, but  
when vast taxable sums which,  
you can take it from here are  
liable to mount and mount into  
the £150,000 region are  
involved, a lot of people are  
entitled to know.This is not to suggest for a  
moment that the pools propie-  
tors have any personal or private  
reason for concealment. On  
the contrary they have every-  
thing to gain by the widest  
possible publicity for their  
payments-out.Furthermore, it is not ac-  
curate to assume that they  
desire these outlandish sums for  
single winners. They would be  
much happier, in many cases,  
to spread the money out over a  
much wider area in that were  
possible by the rub of the  
Green.Evidence of this reached us  
only recently in the statement  
that one pool had decided to  
restrict its maximum Treble  
Chance dividend to £75,000,  
with a mere £50,000 as the top  
second prize—and a very good  
thing, too.We mention this matter of  
anonymity thus fully because  
there appears to be some feeling  
among losing punters that be-  
cause a winning name is not  
publicly announced there is no  
winning name in fact.It is up to the pools people  
to scrub that anonymity clause  
and save themselves a lot of  
trouble.

—(London Express Service)

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## CRYSTAL PALACE v. MILLWALL

Jones, the Crystal Palace inside-left, flicks the ball past Hinton, Millwall  
goalie, in the Football Association Cup replay. The ball went outside the post."Sugar Ray" Challenges  
All British Boxers

By GEORGE WHITING

Ray ("Sugar") Robinson, Welterweight Champion of the World, wants to  
fight Heavyweight Champion Jack Gardner, cruiserweight Don Cockell, Middle-  
weight Champion Randolph Turpin, Welterweight Champion Eddie Thomas—or any  
other British boxer we can persuade to go in with him.Robinson, in fact, has asked me to shoot off on his behalf a challenge to the  
whole of the British Empire. And he is going to take an exceedingly poor view of  
us all if we do not accept it.Manager George Gainford, leader of the largest and most  
fantastic boxing outfit over to  
get within hailing distance of  
England, held forth on the  
subject as we watched the  
disembarkation of Liberte  
passengers in the Plymouth  
dawn."See here," said the large and  
well-wrapped-up Mr Gainford.  
"We are here strictly on  
business. Don't tell me the  
whole British Empire can't find  
one fighter good enough to go in  
with Ray."

## WHAT ABOUT TURPIN?

"Tell Jack Solomons to hustle  
around and get us a fight. If  
he don't, then I guess Ray is the  
champion of Great Britain."

"SUGAR RAY"

Carefully I explained to Mr  
Gainford that our boxing crop  
at the moment contained no  
welter or middleweight cap-  
able of giving the great Robin-  
son much of a fight."Don't give me that stuff,"  
exploded Mr G. "We are here  
to make dough. What about  
this Randolph Turpin guy?""Why won't he fight my  
champ? If you can't find a welter  
or a middle, what about your  
cruisers and heavyweights?""What about this Don Cockell?  
Or even your now heavyweight  
champ Jack Gardner? Pay us  
£25,000 and we will fight  
Gardner any time you say."Mr Gainford looked very dis-  
appointed when I pointed out  
that that kind of money was no  
longer available in British box-  
ing, and that, at the moment, it  
looked as though the world  
champion's ring appearances in  
this country would be limited  
to exhibitions.Robinson's first such exhibi-  
tion, incidentally, will be atHaringay on December 12 when,  
although Ray does not know it,  
Randolph Turpin will be fighting  
quite a different American op-  
ponent.Apprehensively, I switched the  
conversation to Robinson's  
early days, and heard how  
"Sugar" had begun to box when  
a clergyman hauled him off the  
steps of St. Now York church and  
handed him over to Mr Gain-  
ford in 1937.

## £100,000 BANK ROLL

Since those days, 20-year-old  
Robinson has acquired a re-  
markably handsome wife, a  
one-year-old son—Ray Robin-  
son, junior—a £100,000 bank  
roll, and the most astonishing  
fight record in the whole of con-  
temporary boxing.Looking rather bored with  
Gainford's break-of-day sales  
talk, the immaculately dressed  
negro champion (who shows no  
marks) strolled over to the rails  
while his manager recited for  
me the Robinson fight history of  
85 amateur bouts—all won—and  
121 professional fights of which  
he has lost but one.Only Jack LaMotta, present  
world middleweight champion,  
has beaten Robinson—a defeat  
Ray has avenged on four subse-  
quent occasions.The tender made ready to take  
me back to Plymouth—and I left  
the champion to explain away  
the fightlessness of the British  
Empire to the boxing circus I  
mentioned earlier.

—(London Express Service)

## JAPAN'S DAVIS CUP CHALLENGE

Americans Make  
An Announcement  
Out Of Turn

Sydney, Dec. 7.

Australian tennis officials were shocked on Thursday  
by the New York announcement that a Japanese team  
was playing in the North American zone of the Davis  
Cup next year.New South Wales Tennis Association President Bryan  
Fuller said: "Coming from America, this news is a  
shock. I find it strange and amusing that America  
should make an official announcement of Japan's  
challenge."The President of the Lawn  
Tennis Association of Aus-  
tralia, Sir Norman Brookes,  
commented at Melbourne it is  
entirely unlikely that the Ja-  
panese will reach a position  
to play against Australia.  
He said: "If they get to the  
challenge round, of course we  
shall have to sit up and take  
notice."He said he was "quite in  
the dark" regarding the pre-  
sent Japanese tennis prowess.  
He said Australia "for very  
good reasons" abstained from  
voicing the "decision" made  
at Lausanne in July to readmit  
Germany and Japan to the  
Davis Cup games.Australian tennis players claim  
the holding nation—Australia—  
should have been making any  
announcements of Japan's chal-  
lenge.An influential section of the  
Australian tennis world violently  
opposed Japan's Cup participa-  
tion but the general feeling is  
that only a miracle could give  
Japan a strong enough team to  
become the challenger in the  
Australian finals in Sydney next  
November.—United Press.H.K. Swimmers  
For Singapore

## Carnival

Singapore, Dec. 7.

Hongkong Chinese swim-  
mers are expected to  
take a leading role in  
the forthcoming Malayan  
Chinese swimming carnival.The event marks the opening  
of the Singapore Chinese swim-  
ming club's new \$550,000 pool  
and pavilion in Amber Road  
early in January, 1951.Leong Yee Soo, secretary of  
the Singapore club, said ar-  
rangements are being made to  
provide the Hongkong partici-  
pants with free accommodation  
and board and possible free  
passages to and from Hongkong.QUADRANGULAR MEET  
Tentative plans call for a  
quadrangular swimming tourna-  
ment involving Hongkong,  
Singapore, Perak and Penang  
swimmers.The new swimming pool is  
189 feet long and 100 feet wide.  
It is described as the biggest in  
the Far East and 20 feet broad-  
er than Britain's Wembley,  
scene of the last World Olym-  
pics.The Singapore Chinese club  
has 7,000 members, eight times  
the pre-war figure.—Associated  
Press.

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residential centre. Modern  
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accommodation.Rugby League's Record  
Offer Of £6,000 To  
Bleddyn Williams

London.

The record offer of £6,000 made by the Leeds Rugby  
League club to Bleddyn Williams, the Welsh International  
Rugby Union centre, seems small when compared with  
some of the gigantic fees paid lately for soccer players.But a soccer player gets no part of the transfer fee,  
whereas Williams, if he decides to become a professional  
player, will receive the whole fee, together with a house  
and a job.Moreover, the entry of  
Williams into the League ranks  
would cause as much comment  
in Rugby Union circles as big  
transfers do in the soccer world.For Williams is regarded as  
the cleverest centre in the  
British Isles and has been  
capped 12 times for Wales since  
the war. He was unlucky to  
miss all the International  
matches last season through  
injury, for he had been chosen  
to lead Wales in the first, and  
he thus missed playing for his  
country in the year when they  
won the Triple Crown for the  
first time since 1911.As vice-captain of the British  
Isles team that toured New  
Zealand and Australia last sum-  
mer, Williams added to his re-  
putation with Dr Jack Mat-  
thews, captain of the Welshoutside-half, gave exhibitions  
of inspired back play that  
fascinated the spectators.

## SEVERAL OFFERS

Since his return from the  
tour he has received several  
offers from League clubs but  
has said that he will not decide  
until some time later.In a recent poll, carried out  
by the Sports Writers Associa-  
tion of Great Britain, to deter-  
mine the six sportsmen who  
have done the most for British  
prestige this year, Williams  
was placed in the first twelve.Should he decide to change  
his code, Cardiff, Wales and  
Rugby Union will lose one of  
the brightest stars of the post-  
war game but the League will  
gain a great player who brings  
with him the experience and  
moral of many years' top class

## THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

## NOTICE TO MEMBERS

## THIRTEENTH RACE MEETING

Saturday, 16th December, 1950.

There are eight races. The First Race will be run at 1.30  
p.m. and the First Race will be run at 2.00 p.m.Through Tickets (8 Races—\$10.00) may be obtained at the  
Comptroller's Office of the Treasury, 1st Floor, Telephone House,  
also tickets for the Cash Sweep on the last race of the Meeting  
as well as the Special Cash Sweep on the "Pearce Memorial Cup"  
scheduled to be run on 28th February, 1951.To avoid congestion at the Club's Office at Telephone House,  
non-members are requested to purchase their sweep tickets at  
the Club's Branch Offices at—

5, D'Aguiar Street, Hong Kong

or  
382, Nathan Road, Kowloon.

## MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

Members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies  
MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the  
Meeting.NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO  
THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.Badges admitting ladies not in possession of Brooches or  
Season tickets and gentlemen, non-members of the Club, to the  
Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10.00 including tax, for  
ladies or gentlemen are obtainable through the Secretary on the  
written or personal introduction of a member, such member to  
be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for pay-  
ment of all bills etc.Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on  
sale at the RACE COURSE.The Branch Offices and the Treasury's Comptroller Office  
will close at 11.00 a.m. and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m.  
The Treasury's Comptroller Office and the Secretary's Office are  
situated at 1st Floor, Telephone House.A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club  
House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy  
(Tel. 27818).NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S  
PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

## PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3.00  
including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at  
the Gate.BOOKMAKERS, TIC TAC MEN ETC., WILL NOT BE PER-  
MITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PRECINCTS OF THE  
HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB DURING THE RACE MEETING.  
MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE  
IN THE RESTAURANT IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

## SERVANTS' PASSES

Servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only,  
who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to  
endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are  
not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing  
through on their duties and must remain in their employers'  
stands.

BY ORDER,

S. A. SLEAP,  
Secretary.

## MASSSED BAND CONCERT

BY THE

## Military Bands of Hong Kong

WILL BE HELD AT

## SOOKUNPOO SPORTS GROUND

HONG KONG

SATURDAY, SUNDAY &amp; MONDAY

9th, 10th &amp; 11th DECEMBER

AT 5.45 P.M. NIGHTLY

Admission. \$3.00. Servicemen \$1.00

Tickets From MOUTRIES, Hongkong.

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